

# The S2S Data Base in IRI Data Library: Maprooms and online analysis tools

Andrew W Robertson

*With special thanks to:*

Jing Yuan, Michael Bell, Remi Cousin, Angel Muñoz

# Outline

1. The International Research Institute for Climate and Society Data Library (IRIDL) - Server-side computing
2. S2S database in IRIDL - Holdings and data access
3. Examples of online analysis of S2S forecasts and reforecasts

# CENTRAL ACCESS POINT



WHAT DATA DO I NEED?  
WHERE CAN I GET THAT DATA?



# ADVANTAGES

The Data Library is a powerful open-source and free computational engine that offers a multi-lingual web browser interface that enables users to:



01

Access, manage, combine and manipulate any number of datasets in a uniform temporal and geolocated framework

02

Create analyses of data using a high-level programming language and hundreds of built in functions

03

Monitor past and present climate/environmental conditions & Forecasts with maps and analyses

04

Create multi-dimensional visual representations of climate and data impacted by climate

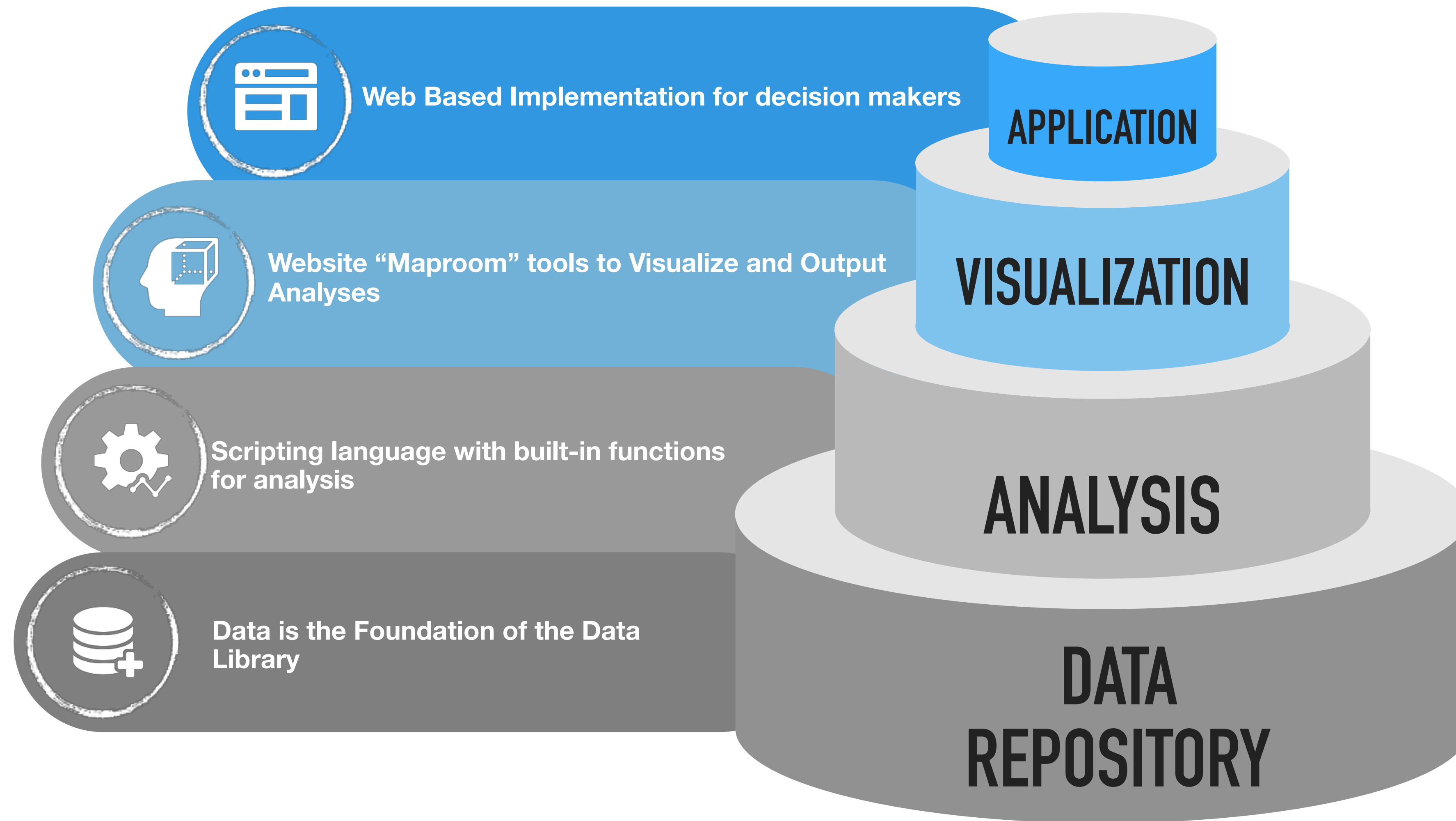
05

Customize and download data plots and maps

06

Create lightweight client-side user interfaces (e.g., Maprooms) for use by decision makers.

# DATA LIBRARY OVERVIEW





# S2S and SubX databases in IRI Data Library

IRI Data Library  
ECMWF S2S

Language: english

Description Expert Mode

served from [IRI/LDEO Climate Data Library](#)

SOURCES - ECMWF - S2S

75 TB

## ECMWF S2S

ECMWF S2S: WWRP/WCRP Sub-seasonal to Seasonal Prediction Project.

### Documents

- [overview](#) an outline showing sub-datasets of this dataset
- [BAMS paper](#) The Subseasonal to Seasonal (S2S) Prediction Project Database
- [ECMWF](#) ECMWF S2S Wiki Page
- [Model Table](#) S2S Model Description Table at ECMWF S2S Wiki Page
- [README](#) Please see these notes for explanation on accessing and using the S2S Database in the IRI Data Library
- [S2S Project](#) WWRP/WCRP S2S Project Page
- [Wiki](#) IRI Wiki Page with IRIDL S2S data examples

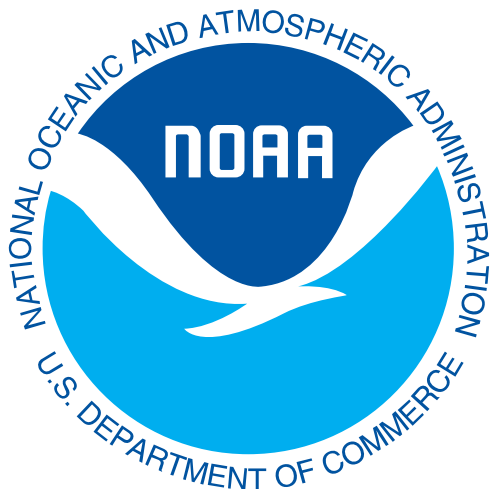
### Datasets and Variables

- [BOM](#) BoM POAMA Ensemble.
- [CMA](#) Beijing Climate Center (BCC) Climate Prediction System version 1 for S2S.
- [CNRM](#) CNRM Ensemble Prediction System.
- [ECCC](#) ECCC Ensemble Prediction System.
- [ECMF](#) ECMWF Ensemble.
- [EI](#) Era Interim Reanalysis.
- [HMCR](#) HMCR Ensemble.
- [ISAC](#) ISAC-CNR Ensemble.
- [JMA](#) JMA Ensemble System.
- [KMA](#) KMA Seasonal Prediction System.
- [NCEP](#) NCEP CFSv2 Ensemble.
- [UKMO](#) UKMO Ensemble Prediction System.

### Other Info

license

Acknowledgement: Please add the following Acknowledgement to any publication resulting from the use of the S2S database: "This work is based on S2S data. S2S is a joint initiative of the World Weather Research Programme (WWRP).



IRI Data Library  
Models SubX

Description Expert Mode

SOURCES - Models - SubX

25 TB

## Models SubX

Models SubX: Subseasonal Experiment (SubX).

### Documents

- [overview](#) an outline showing sub-datasets of this dataset
- [CTB](#) NOAA Climate Test Bed Website
- [DataCite DOI Metadata](#) DOI:10.7916/D8PG249H
- [SubX Data Information](#) Model/Data Information from SubX Project Website
- [SubX Project](#) SubX Project Website

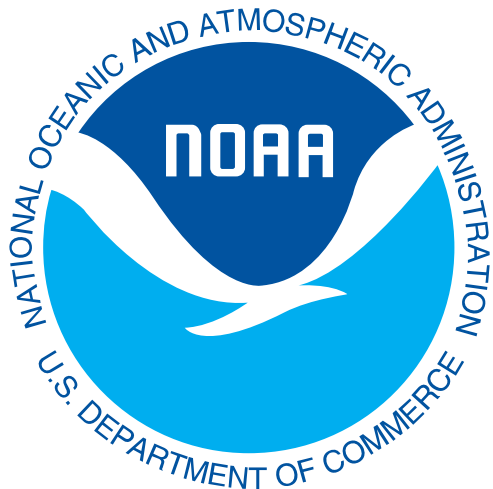
### Datasets and Variables

- [CESM](#) Models SubX CESM[30LCESM1 46LCESM1 ]
- [ECCC](#) Models SubX ECCC[GEM ]
- [EMC](#) Models SubX EMC[GEFS ]
- [ESRL](#) Models SubX ESRL[FIMr1p1 ]
- [GMAO](#) Models SubX GMAO[GEOS\_V2p1 ]
- [NCEP](#) Models SubX NCEP[CFSv2 ]
- [NRL](#) Models SubX NRL[NESM ]
- [RSMAS](#) Models SubX RSMAS[CCSM4 ]

### Other Info

id

<https://doi.org/10.7916/D8PG249H>

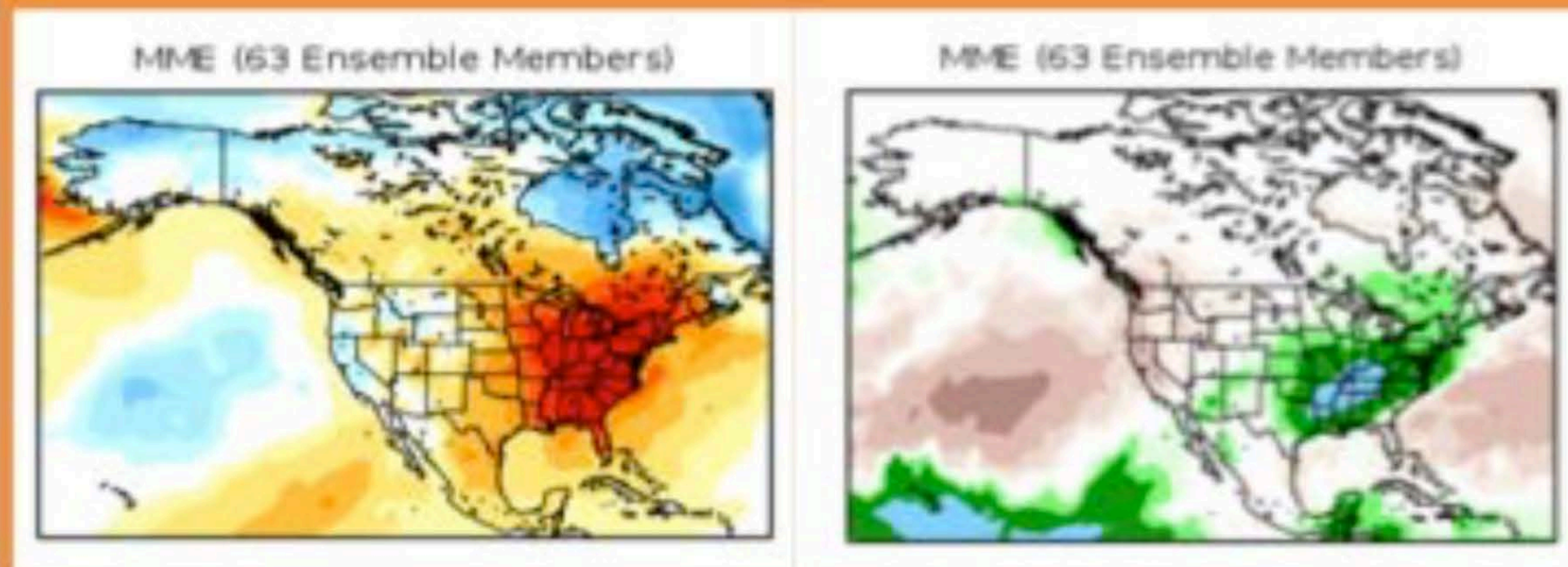


# The Subseasonal eXperiment (SubX)

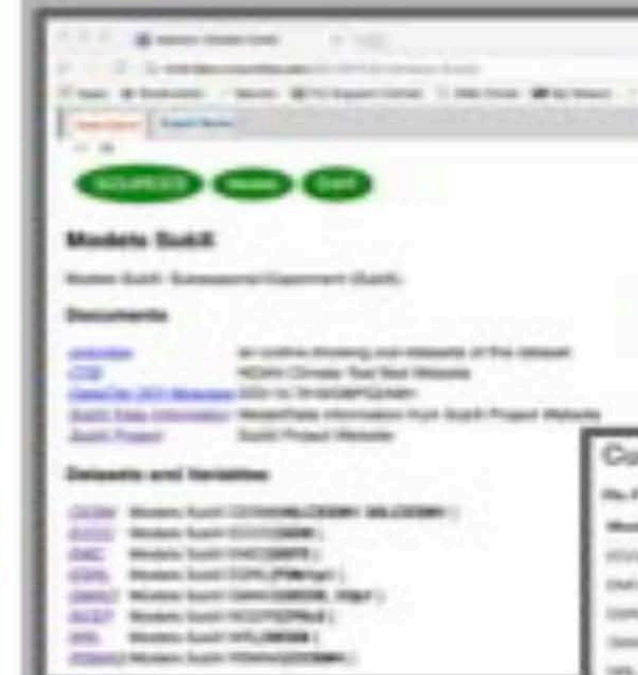
## By the Numbers...

- 7** Global Models
- 17** Years of Retrospective Forecasts
- 1** Year of Real-time Forecasts
- 3-4** Week guidance for CPC Outlooks

## Real-time Multi-model Forecasts



## IRI Data Library



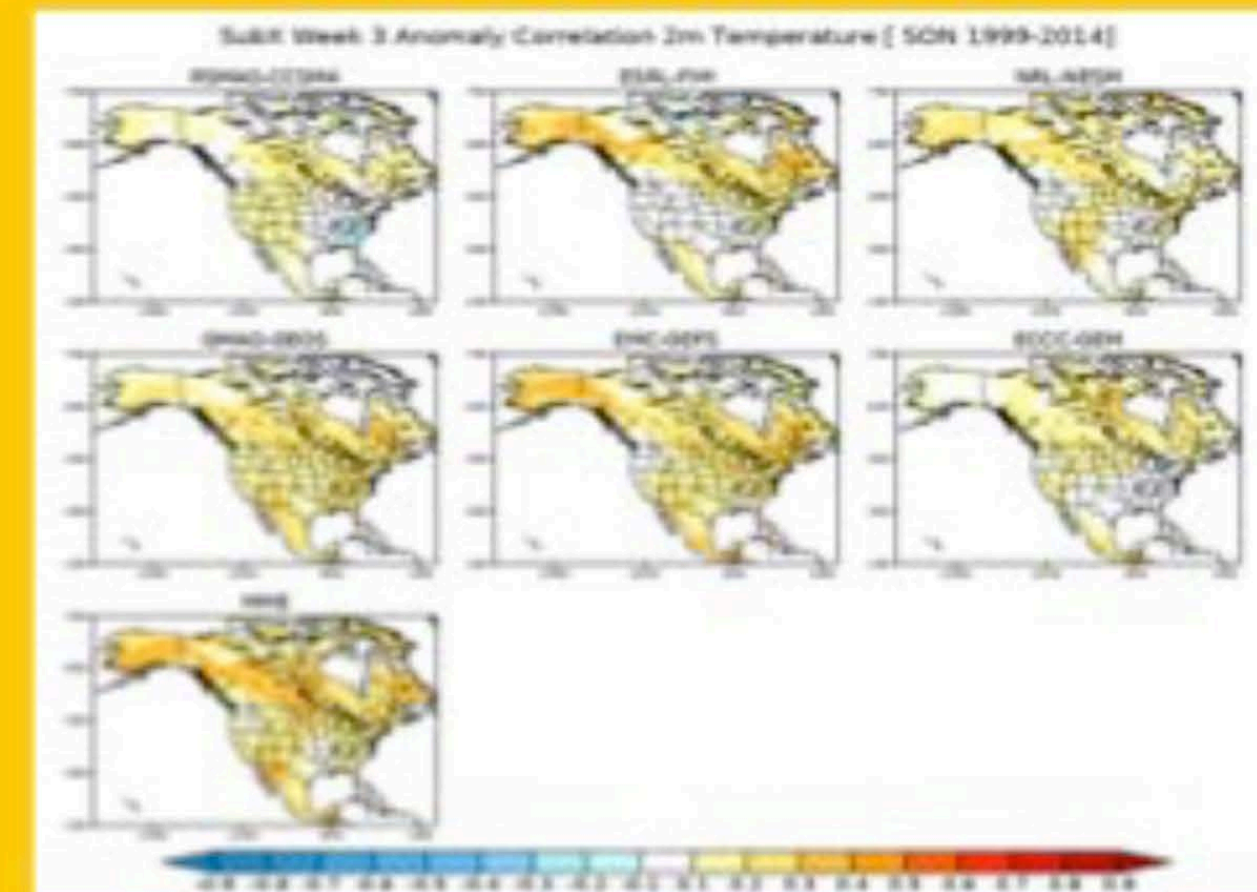
Forecast & Hindcast data publicly available

Current Data Holdings (Last updated: Feb 14, 2018)

| Model | Ensemble Members | Start      | End        | Obs | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|-------|------------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| CCC   | 1                | 1999-01-01 | 2014-12-31 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |

<http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/.Models/.SubX/>

## Skill Evaluation



<http://cola.gmu.edu/kpegon/subx>

## SubX Team



Courtesy of Kathy Pegion





IRI Data Library  
ECMWF S2S

Language: english

Description Expert Mode

served from IRI/LDEO Climate Data Library

SOURCES ECMWF S2S

## ECMWF S2S

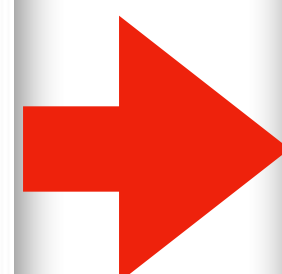
ECMWF S2S: WWRP/WCRP Sub-seasonal to Seasonal Prediction Project.

### Documents

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- [BAMS paper](#) The Subseasonal to Seasonal (S2S) Prediction Project Database
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- [ISAC](#) ISAC-CNR Ensemble.
- [JMA](#) JMA Ensemble System.
- [KMA](#) KMA Seasonal Prediction System.
- [NCEP](#) NCEP CFSv2 Ensemble.
- [UKMO](#) UKMO Ensemble Prediction System.



## README on using the S2S Database in IRI Data Library (Updated Feb 22, 2018)

1. The data is archived under <http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/.ECMWF/.S2S/>
2. The data is a copy of the data from the ECMWF S2S MARS server and is maintained up to date with the ECMWF server as far as possible.
3. The full S2S dataset should be available, except for the HMCR, ISAC & KMA models which are archived on a 2.5-deg grid, instead of 1.5 deg. The IRI data starts in May 2015.
4. The RMM indices computed by Frederic Vitart are also available. Steve Woolnough & Tetsuo Nakazawa contributed on the validation and format definition.
5. In order to download S2S data from IRI, the user is required to agree to the ECMWF S2S Terms and Conditions, via signing in to the Data Library's authorization framework: Select the "Social" option near the top of the page and then choose from one of the "Persona" sign-in account options in the drop-down menu that appears, such as Google, Facebook, or Twitter to then gain access to the download options.
6. Visualization of the data does not require sign-in.
7. The forecast/reforecast **start time grid** is continuous in days, even when the respective starts are not every day. Non-existent start dates are padded with missing data. Please refer to the model table. <https://software.ecmwf.int/wiki/display/S2S/Models>
8. For on-the-fly models, the reforecasts have an additional **hdate** grid indicating the reforecast year.
9. Explanation of **Lead grids**:

Different lead grids are used based upon whether the variable reflects an instantaneous value or the average over a day:

L: This represents a lead grid for variables with instantaneous values, with the lead grid starting at the initialization (0.), and pointwidth of 0. (except for JMA, where the first step is 0.5, representing a 12-hour forecast, and pointwidth of 0.)

L1: This represents a lead grid for variables with instantaneous values, with the lead grid starting at lead 1., and pointwidth of 0.

LA: This represents a lead grid for daily average values starting at lead 0.5, and pointwidth of 1. (except for JMA, where the first step is 1.0, representing 12-36 hour average, and pointwidth of 1.)

# README

IRI Data Library  
ECMWF S2S ECMF

Description Expert Mode

SOURCES ECMWF S2S ECMF

## ECMWF S2S ECMF

ECMWF S2S ECMF: ECMWF Ensemble.

### Documents

[overview](#) an outline showing sub-datasets of this dataset

### Datasets and Variables

**forecast** ECMWF S2S ECMF f  
[reforecast](#) ECMWF S2S ECMF r

IRI Data Library  
ECMWF S2S ECMF forecast perturbed sfc\_precip tp X: 0.75W - 0.75W Y: 90.75S - 90.75N S: 14 May 2015 - 10 Mar 2019

Description Views Data Filters Data Selection Data Files Data Tables Expert Mode

SOURCES ECMWF S2S ECMF forecast perturbed sfc\_precip tp

### ECMWF S2S ECMF forecast perturbed sfc\_precip tp: Accumulated Total Precipitation data

forecast perturbed sfc\_precip Accumulated Total Precipitation from ECMWF S2S ECMF: ECMWF Ensemble.

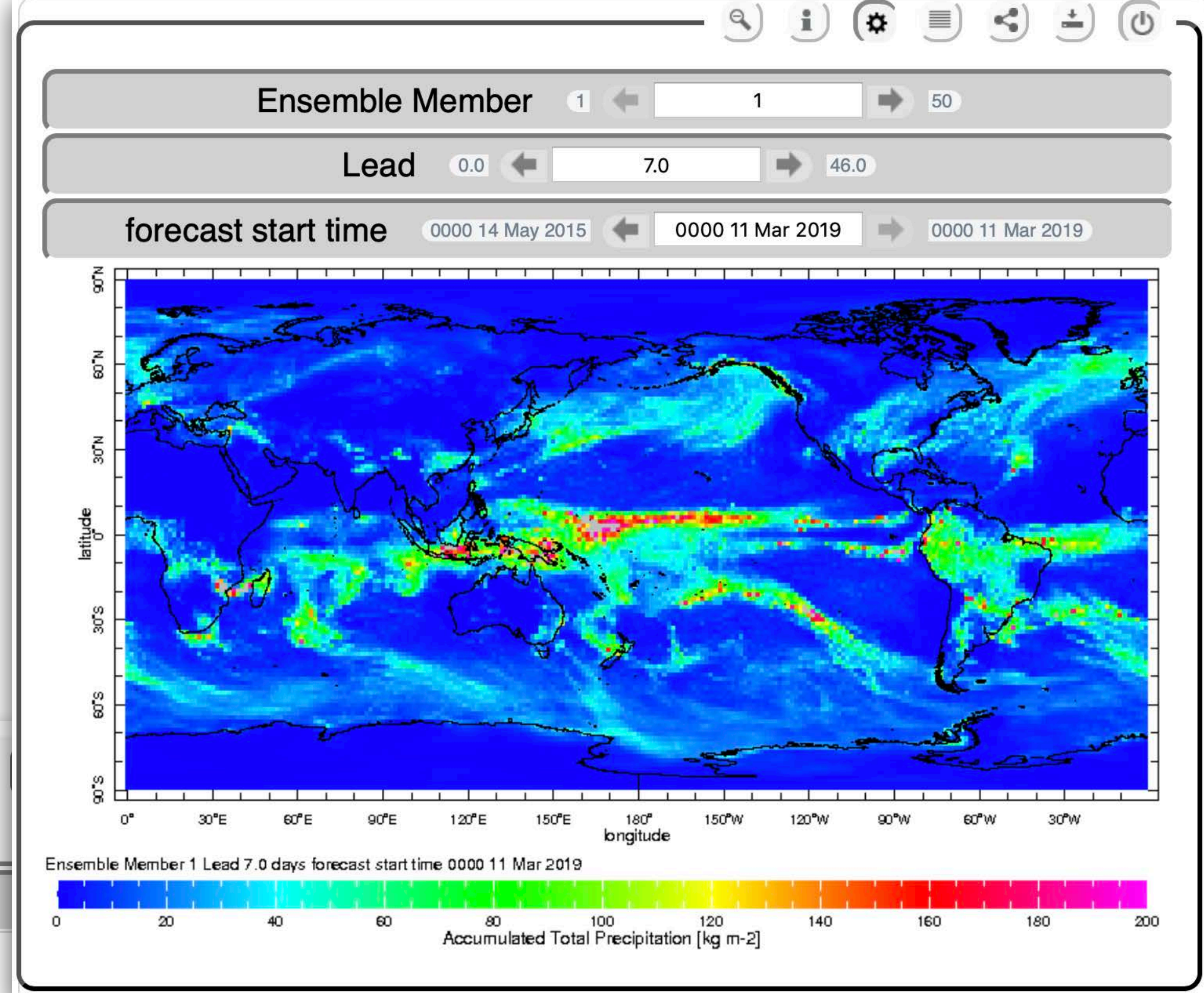
#### Independent Variables (Grids)

Lead (forecast\_period)  
grid: /L (days) ordered (0.0 days) to (46.0 days) by 1.0 N= 47 pts :grid

Ensemble Member (realization)  
grid: /M (ids) ordered (1) to (50) by 1.0 N= 50 pts :grid

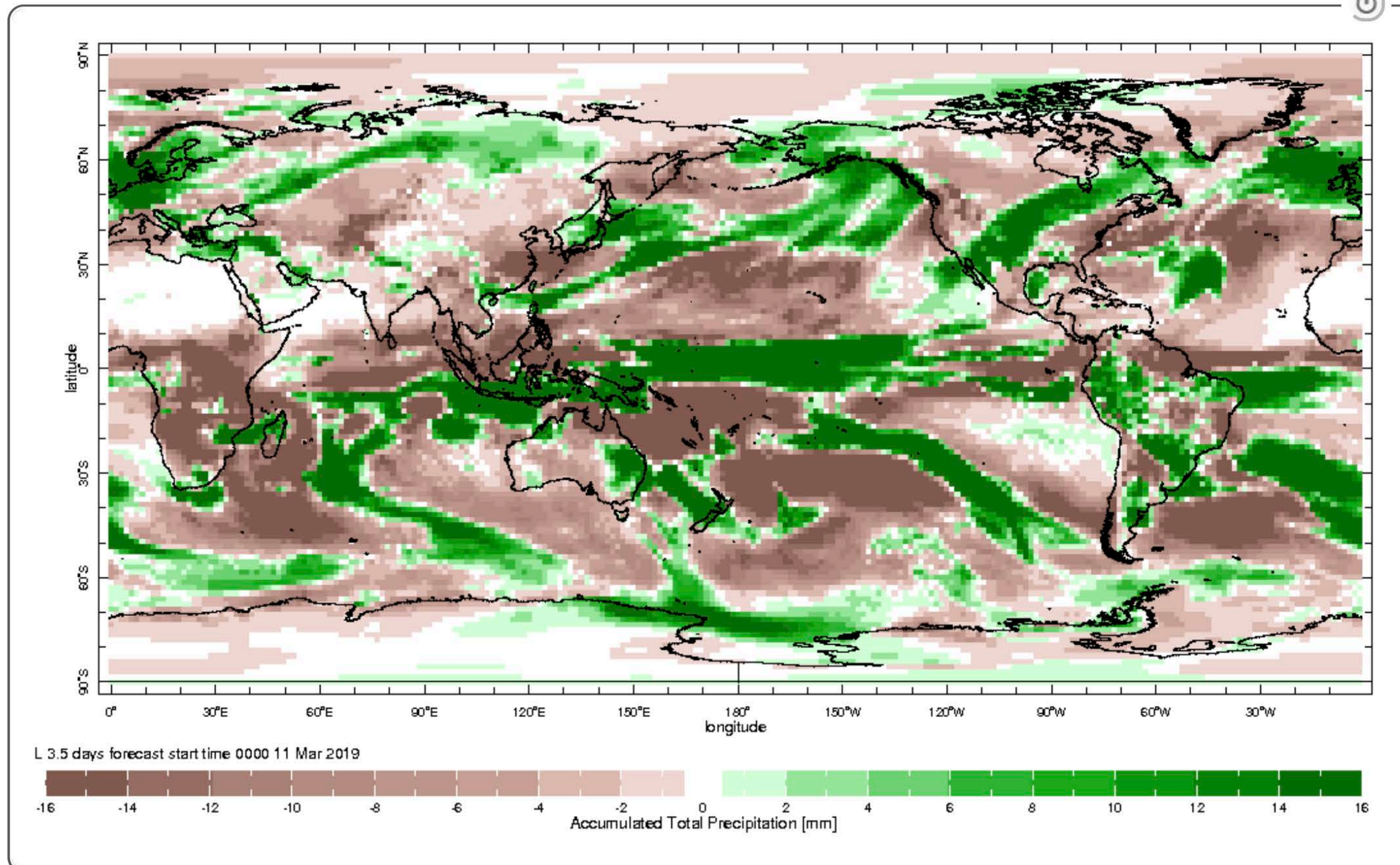
**forecast start time (forecast\_reference\_time)**  
grid: /S (days since 1960-01-01) ordered [ (0000 14 May 2015) (0000 18 May 2015) (0000 21 May 2015) ... (0000 11 Mar 2019)] N= 400 pts :grid

longitude (longitude)  
grid: /X (degrees east) periodic (0) to (1.5W) by 1.5 N= 240 pts :grid



Week 1 Precip  
From 11 Mar 2019

# Week 1 Precip Ensemble Mean Anomaly from 11 Mar 2019



## Map is a URL!

[http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/.ECMWF/.S2S/.ECMF/.forecast/.perturbed/.sfc\\_precip/.tp/S/%280000%2011%20Mar%202019%29/VALUES/%5BM%5Daverage/L/0.0/7.0/VALUES/%5BL%5Ddifferences/SOURCES/.ECMWF/.S2S/.ECMF/.reforecast/.perturbed/.sfc\\_precip/.tp/S/%280000%2011%20Mar%202019%29/VALUES/%5BM%5Daverage/L/0.0/7.0/VALUES/%5BL%5Ddifferences/%5Bhdate%5Daverage/sub/c://name//water\\_density/def/998/%28kg/m3%29:c/div/%28mm%29/unitconvert/prcp\\_anomaly/Y/-90/90/RANGE/X/Y/fig:colors/thinnish/solid/coasts\\_gaz:fig//plotborder+72+psdef//plotaxislength+432+psdef/#expert](http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/.ECMWF/.S2S/.ECMF/.forecast/.perturbed/.sfc_precip/.tp/S/%280000%2011%20Mar%202019%29/VALUES/%5BM%5Daverage/L/0.0/7.0/VALUES/%5BL%5Ddifferences/SOURCES/.ECMWF/.S2S/.ECMF/.reforecast/.perturbed/.sfc_precip/.tp/S/%280000%2011%20Mar%202019%29/VALUES/%5BM%5Daverage/L/0.0/7.0/VALUES/%5BL%5Ddifferences/%5Bhdate%5Daverage/sub/c://name//water_density/def/998/%28kg/m3%29:c/div/%28mm%29/unitconvert/prcp_anomaly/Y/-90/90/RANGE/X/Y/fig:colors/thinnish/solid/coasts_gaz:fig//plotborder+72+psdef//plotaxislength+432+psdef/#expert)

## Ingrid Code

```
SOURCES .ECMWF .S2S .ECMF .forecast .
perturbed .sfc_precip .tp
S (0000 11 Mar 2019) VALUES
[M]average
L 0.0 7.0 VALUES
[L]differences
```

load

start

ensem

leads

accum

```
SOURCES .ECMWF .S2S .ECMF .reforecast
.perturbed .sfc_precip .tp
S (0000 11 Mar 2019) VALUES
[M]average
L 0.0 7.0 VALUES
[L]differences
[hdate]average
sub
```

load

start

ensem

leads

climo

c:

/name /water\_density def

998 (kg/m3) :c

div

(mm) unitconvert

prcp\_anomaly

Y -90 90 RANGE

X Y fig: colors thinnish solid

coasts\_gaz :fig

cbar

# Data Download

Description Views Data Filters Data Selection **Data Files** Data Tables Expert Mode

## [ mean ( ECMWF S2S ECMF forecast perturbed sfc\_precip tp ) - mean mean ( ECMWF S2S ECMF reforecast perturbed sfc\_precip tp ) ] / water\_density 3.5 days 0000 11 Mar 2019 Data Files

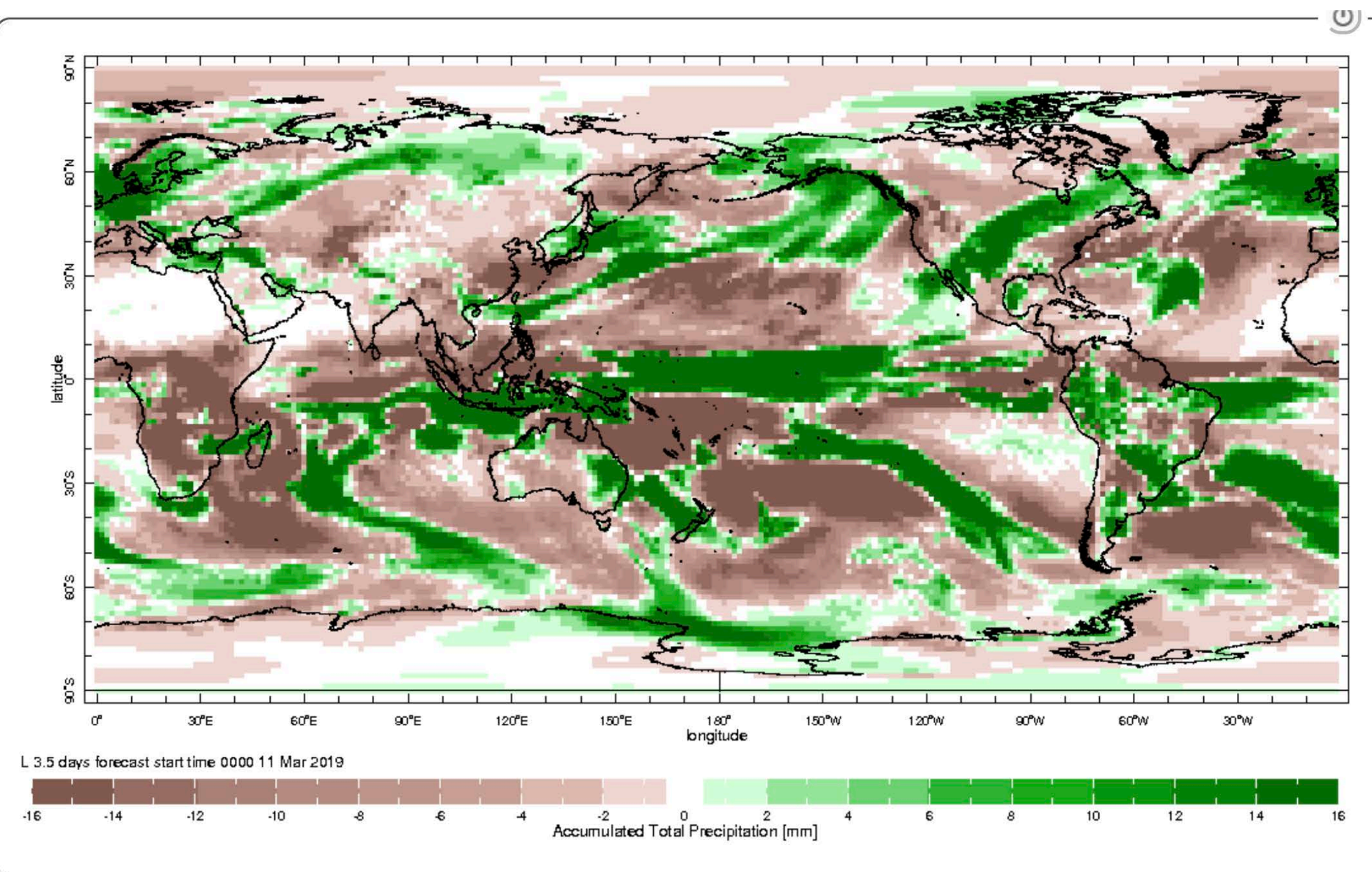
This dataset has bytes (116160 0.1107788MB) of data in it, which should give you a rough idea of the size of any file that you ask for.

### Download Data To Specific Software

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">ingrid</a>  | The Postscript-based software on which the Data Library is built.  |
| <a href="#">CPT</a>     | Climate Predictability Tool <a href="#">More information</a>   |
| <a href="#">ferret</a>  | Interactive computer visualization and analysis software. <a href="#">More information</a>   |
| <a href="#">GrADS</a>   | Grid Analysis and Display System <a href="#">More information</a>  |
| <a href="#">matlab</a>  | Data analysis and visualization software. <a href="#">More information</a>   |
| <a href="#">NCL</a>     | NCAR Command Language <a href="#">More information</a>   |
| <a href="#">WinDisp</a> | A public domain software package for the display and analysis of satellite images, maps and associated databases, with an emphasis on early work for food security. <a href="#">More information</a> |

### Other Available File Formats

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Full Information Formats<br>These files contain all of the available metadata. |  |
| <a href="#">OPeNDAP</a>  | A system which downloads data directly to software, such as matlab, Ferret, GrADS, etc. Specific instructions are available in the above. Note: OPeNDAP was formerly known as DODS (Distributed Oceanographic Data System). <a href="#">More Information</a> |
| <a href="#">netCDF (network Common Data Form)</a>                              | A commonly supported self-describing data format. <a href="#">More Information</a>   |



# Authentication

Local OpenID **Social**

## Social sign in

g+ Google

Sign in

Cancel

# Tutorial Videos

The screenshot shows a YouTube video player interface. At the top left, there is a menu icon and the YouTube logo. A search bar is located at the top right. The video content area displays the IRI logo and the text: "International Research Institute for Climate and Society" and "EARTH INSTITUTE | COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY". Below this, the video title is "Downloading subseasonal climate forecast data in different formats". The video player controls at the bottom show a progress bar at 0:03 / 8:44, along with icons for play, volume, and other settings. Below the video player, the video title is repeated: "Downloading subseasonal climate forecast data in different formats using the IRI Data Library". The view count is "10 views". To the right of the view count are icons for likes (0), comments (0), share, and a menu icon. Below the video player, the channel name "ClimateandSociety" is displayed with the IRI logo, and the publication date "Published on Jul 10, 2018". A red "SUBSCRIBE 228" button is located to the right of the channel information. The video description below the channel name reads: "IRI's Ángel Muñoz shows step-by-step how to download subseasonal to seasonal climate forecast data in different formats using the IRI Data Library (iridl.ideo.columbia.edu). More in the playlist + on Twitter #HowToIRIDL."

2 [2xtoNaN8](#)

- : [:butt\\_filter](#)
- : [:c](#)
- : [:cressman](#)
- : [:Water\\_Balance](#)
- : [:WCT](#)
- : [:weaver](#)

**A** [abrat](#)  
[abs](#)  
 absolute value: [abs](#)  
[acosd](#)  
[add](#)  
[add\\_variable](#)  
[addGRID](#)  
[addGRIDlast](#)  
 anomaly: [wasp\\_yearly-anomalies](#)  
 Arithmetic Functions: [abs](#) [add](#) [differences](#) [div](#) [eexp](#) [ln](#) [log](#) [mag](#) [mod](#) [mul](#) [RESCALE](#) [sqrt](#) [sqrtsgn](#) [sub](#) [sum](#)  
[asind](#)  
[atan2](#)  
[atan2d](#)  
[atand](#)  
[average](#)  
 Average: [average](#) [boxAverage](#) [dekadalAverage](#) [monthlyAverage](#) [monthlyMAVE](#) [monthlyMAVE\\_SD](#) [monthlymean](#) [pentadAverage](#) [pentadMAVE](#) [pentadmean](#) [runningAverage](#) [seasonalAverage](#) [weighted-average](#) [yearlyAverage](#)

**B** [beginLoop](#)  
[beta](#)  
[bias\\_mean](#)  
 Binary Data Flags: [flagge](#) [flaggt](#) [flagle](#) [flaglt](#)  
[BofA=C](#)  
[BofA=C-bounded](#)  
[boxAverage](#)  
[butt\\_design](#)  
 Butterworth: [:butt\\_filter](#) [butt\\_design](#)

**C** categorical form: [classify](#) [classifyby](#) [dominant\\_class](#)  
 Categorization: [classify](#) [classifyby](#) [distrib](#) [distrib1D](#) [distrib2D](#) [dominant\\_class](#)  
[cca](#)  
[changetruncation](#)  
[classify](#)  
[classifyby](#)  
 climatology: [yearly-climatology](#)  
 Clustering: [k-means136](#)  
[CofA=B](#)  
[CofA=B-bounded](#)  
 Comparing Data: [flagge](#) [flaggt](#) [flagle](#) [flaglt](#) [maskge](#) [maskgt](#) [maskle](#) [masklt](#) [max](#) [min](#)  
 complete disjunctive form: [classifv](#) [classifyby](#) [dominant\\_class](#)

[geometryintersection](#)  
[geometryintersects](#)  
[geometrylength](#)  
[geometryoverlaps](#)  
[geometrysimplify](#)  
[geometrytoposimplify](#)  
[geometrytouches](#)  
[geometryunion](#)  
[geometrywithin](#)  
[georect](#)  
[ginverse](#)  
[GRID](#)  
 Grid Modification: [GRID\\_regridAverage](#) [removeGRID](#) [renameGRID](#) [replaceGRID](#) [SAMPLE\\_MISSING](#) [shiftdata](#) [shiftdatashort](#) [shiftGRID](#) [splitstreamgrid](#) [unsplitstreamgrid](#) [zeropointwidth](#)  
[gridtomatch](#)  
[gridtomatchnamed](#)  
[grouptogrid](#)  
 Growing Season: [onsetDate](#) [seasonalLLS](#)

**H** [hbrier](#)  
 Health and Climate Functions: [k-means136](#) [monthly3Q](#) [monthlyepithresholds](#) [monthlyMAVE](#) [monthlyMAVE\\_SD](#) [monthlyMAVEplus1p96SD](#) [monthlyMAVEplus1SD](#) [monthlyMAVEplus2SD](#) [monthlymean](#) [monthlymeanplus1SD](#) [monthlymeanplus2SD](#) [monthlySD](#) [pentad3Q](#) [pentadepithresholds](#) [pentadMAVE](#) [pentadMAVE\\_SD](#) [pentadMAVEplus1p96SD](#) [pentadMAVEplus1SD](#) [pentadMAVEplus2SD](#) [pentadmean](#) [pentadmeanplus1SD](#) [pentadmeanplus2SD](#) [pentadSD](#) [weeklytomonthly](#) [weeklytopentad](#)  
[heidke](#)  
[hh2c2010](#)  
[hh2cfews](#)  
 hh2geometry: [hh2c2010](#) [hh2cfews](#) [hh2province](#) [hh2sap](#)  
[hh2province](#)  
[hh2sap](#)

**I** [ignorance](#)  
 Independent Variable Creation: [:cressman](#) [:weaver](#) [classify](#) [classifyby](#) [grouptogrid](#) [invertontogrid](#) [shiftdata](#) [shiftdatashort](#) [toS](#)  
 Independent Variable Modification: [GRID\\_partitiongrid](#) [regridAverage](#) [regridLB](#) [regridLinear](#) [removeGRID](#) [renameGRID](#) [replaceGRID](#) [SAMPLE\\_MISSING](#) [shiftdata](#) [shiftdatashort](#) [shiftGRID](#) [splitstreamgrid](#) [unifygrids](#) [use\\_as\\_grid](#)  
[integral](#)  
[integrate](#)  
[integrateddistrib1D](#)  
[integrateddistrib2D](#)  
[invertontogrid](#)  
[invlaplacian](#)  
[isolines](#)

**K** [k-means136](#)

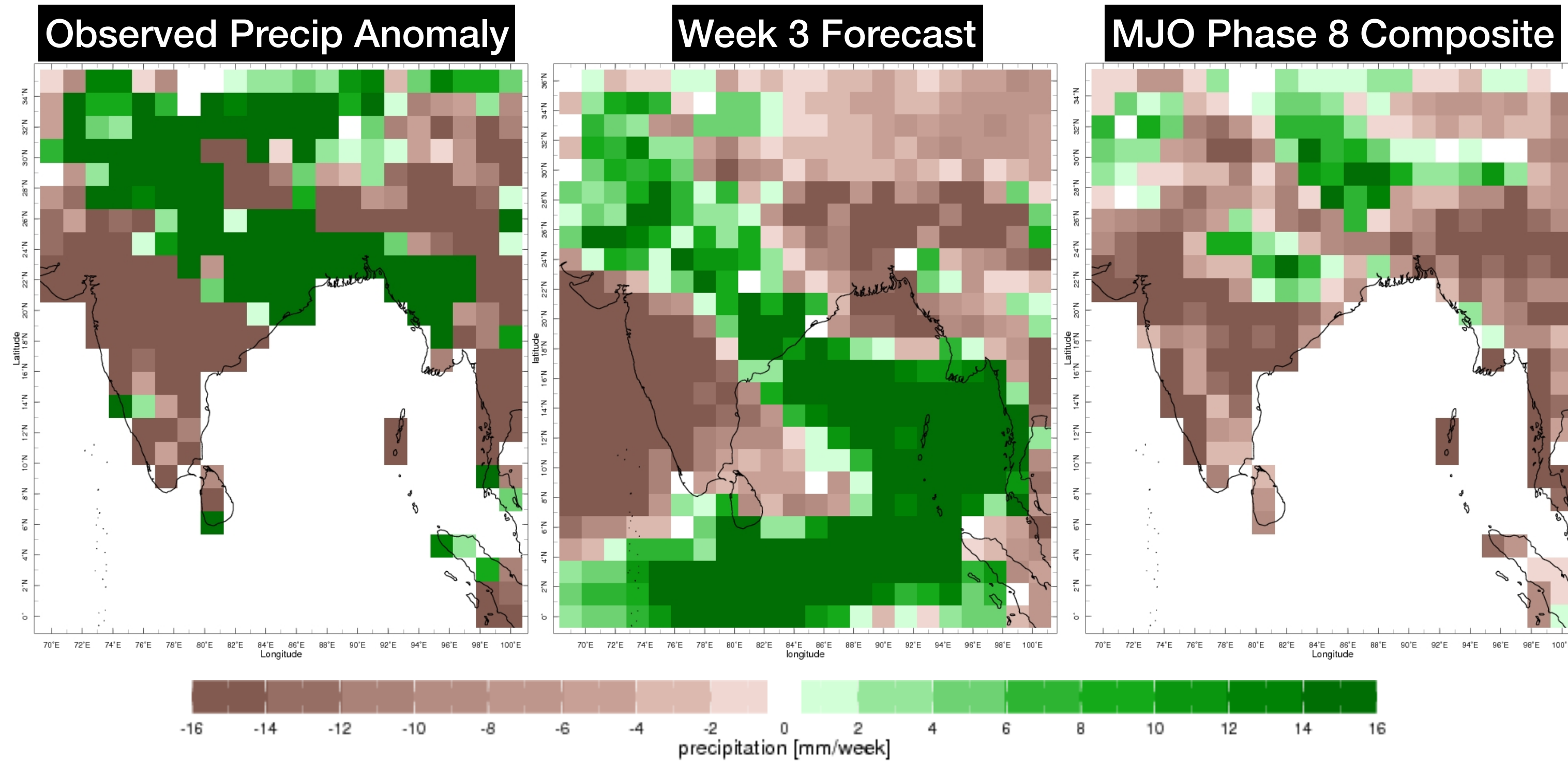
**L** [L4cycle:endLoop](#)  
[labelgeoldintersects](#)

[poestudnt2](#)  
[potemp](#)  
[pressure](#)  
[prob\\_score](#)  
[products](#)

**R** [randomdata](#)  
[RANGE](#)  
[RANGEEDGES](#)  
[RANGESPAN](#)  
[rankcorrelate](#)  
[ranked\\_prob\\_score](#)  
 Ranking Data: [datarank](#)  
[rasterize](#)  
[ratios](#)  
[readgrib](#)  
[readthredds](#)  
[rect](#)  
[regridAverage](#)  
 Regridding: [GRID\\_regridAverage](#) [regridLB](#) [regridLinear](#) [weeklytopentad](#)  
[regridLB](#)  
[regridLinear](#)  
[removeGRID](#)  
[removeVALUES](#)  
[renameGRID](#)  
[REORDER](#)  
[replacebypercentile](#)  
[replaceGRID](#)  
[replaceNaN](#)  
[RESCALE](#)  
[rmsaover](#)  
[rmsover](#)  
 root mean square: [rmsover](#)  
 root mean square anomaly: [rmsaover](#)  
 rotated EOFs: [varimax](#)  
[rotatedata](#)  
[runningAverage](#)

**S** [SAMPLE](#)  
 Sample by Variable: [FResampler](#) [sample-along](#)  
[sample-along](#)  
[SAMPLE\\_MISSING](#)  
[SAMPLELB](#)  
[SAMPLEUB](#)  
[SCALE](#)  
 Scaling Data: [RESCALE](#) [SCALE](#)  
[seasonalAverage](#)  
[seasonalfreqGT](#)  
[seasonalfreqLT](#)  
[seasonalLLS](#)  
[seasonalMax](#)

# Example: Active episode of Indian summer Monsoon



```

SOURCES .ECMWF .S2S .ECMF .forecast .perturbed .sfc_precip .tp
Y (0N) (35N) RANGE
X (70E) (100E) RANGE
S (0000 22 Jun 2015) VALUES
[M]average
L (14.0) (21.0) VALUES
[L]differences

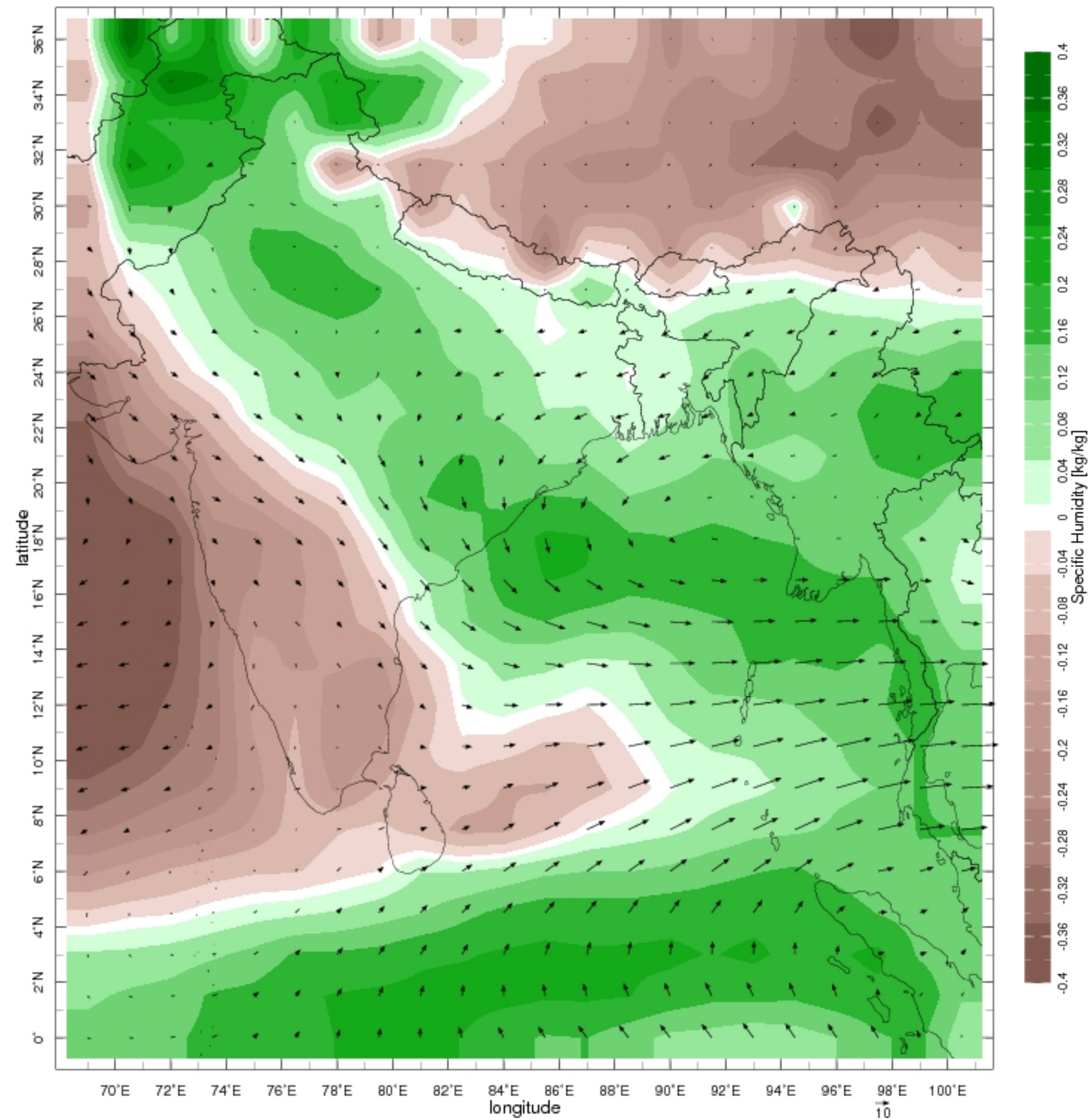
SOURCES .ECMWF .S2S .ECMF .reforecast .perturbed .sfc_precip .tp
Y (0N) (35N) RANGE
X (70E) (100E) RANGE
S (0000 22 Jun 2015) VALUES
[M]average
L (14.0) (21.0) VALUES
[L]differences
[hdate]average
sub
    
```

**Week 3 Forecast Code**

## MJO Phase 8 Composite Code

```

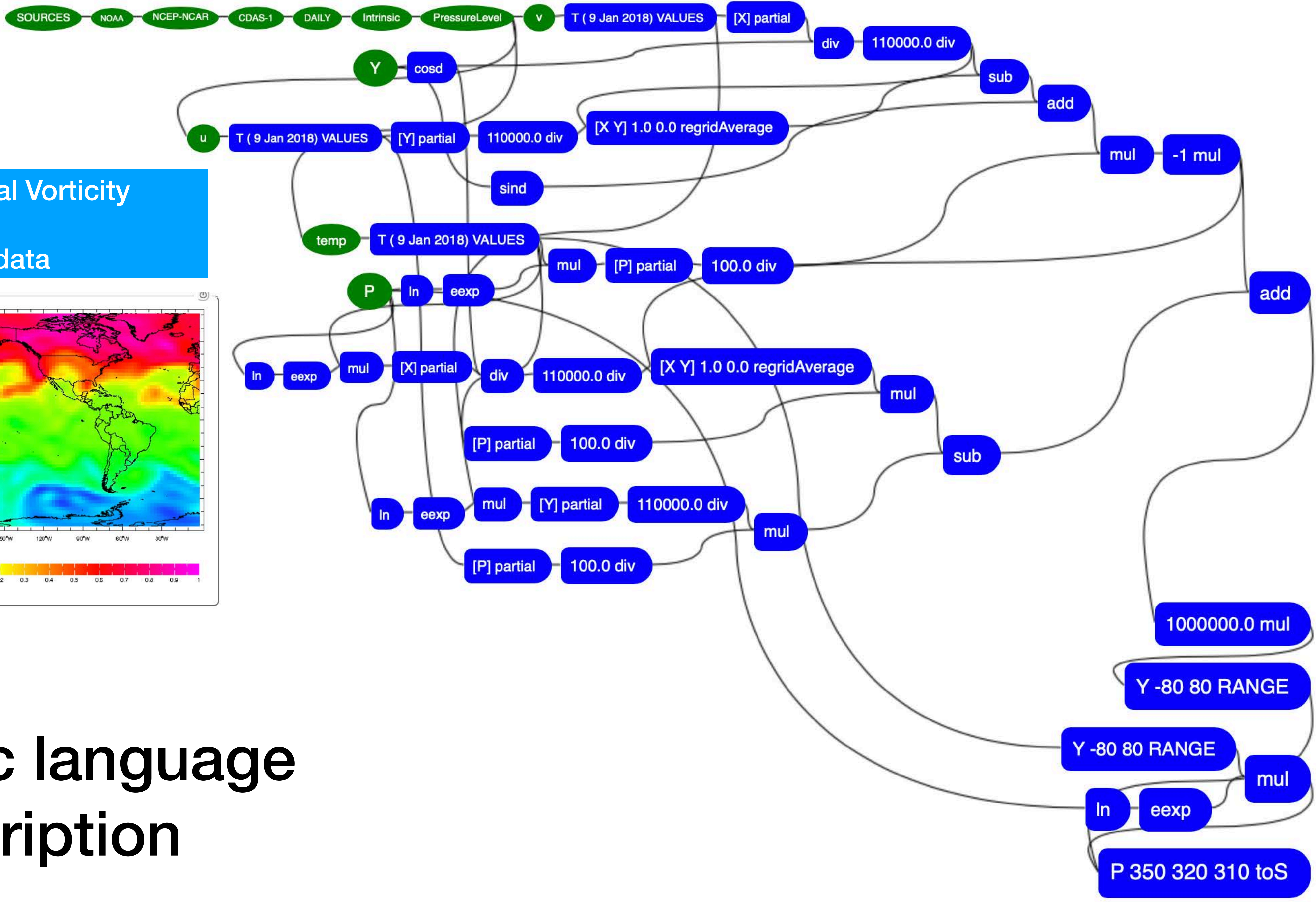
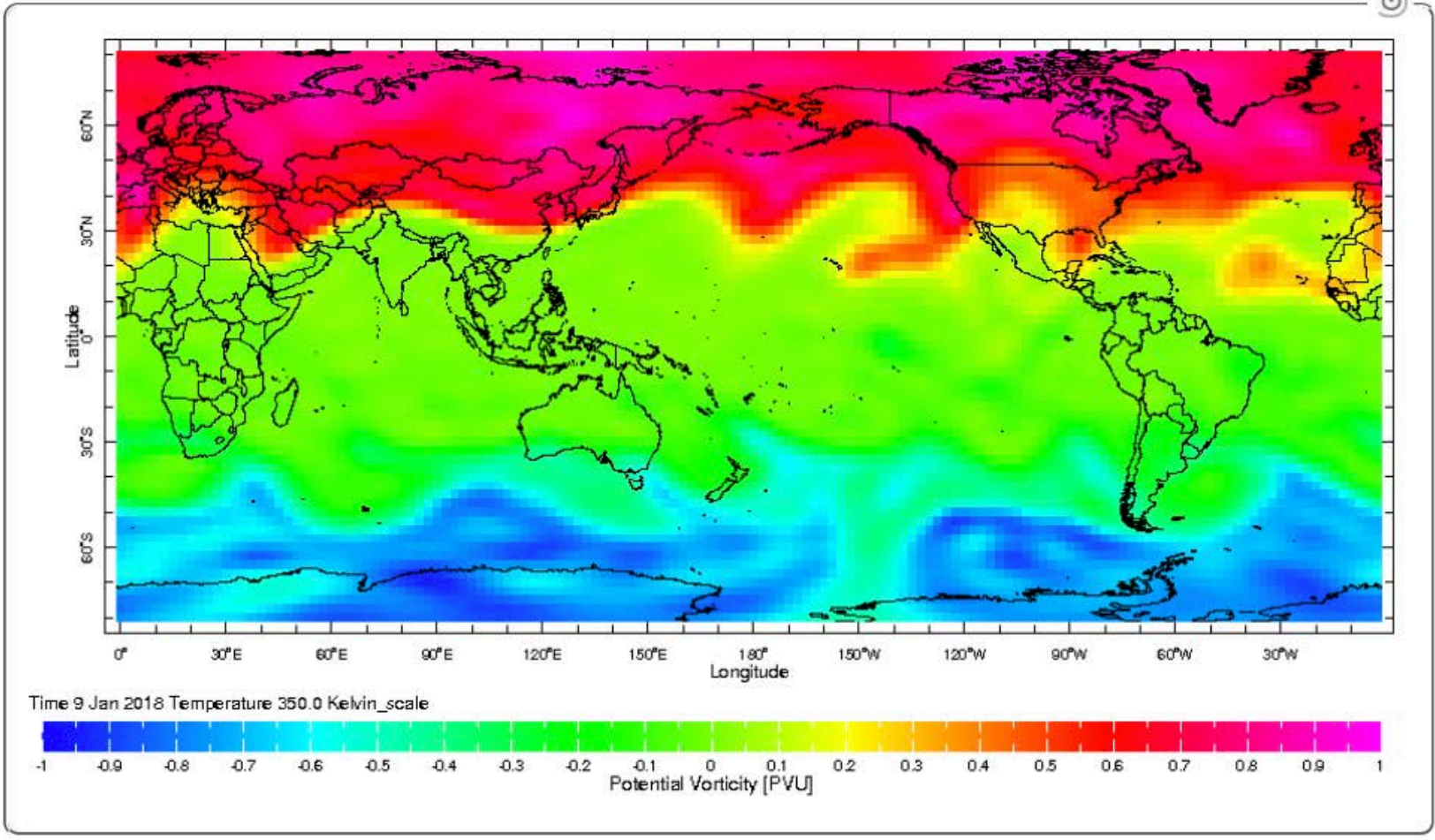
SOURCES .UCSB .CHIRPS .v2p0 .daily-
improved .global .0p25 .prcp
T (1 Jan 1995) (31 Dec 2014) RANGE
X 70 1.5 100 GRID
Y 0 1.5 35 GRID
a: SOURCES .BoM .MJO .RMM .phase
T (1 Jan 1995) (31 Dec 2014) RANGE
classifyby
T (Jun-Jul) seasonalAverage
[T]average
:a:
T (Jun-Jul) seasonalAverage
[T]average
:a
sub
    
```



**ECMWF week-3 forecast  
anomalies of vertically  
integrated moisture flux  
(vectors) and vertically  
integrated specific  
humidity (colors)**



# Isentropic Potential Vorticity From Reanalysis data



# Semantic language description



### Latin America

Project Integration  
Ceara Resource Page  
Colombia DNP  
Chile-Coquimbo  
Paute Basin, Ecuador

### Climate Pages

#### ACToday Countries

Bangladesh  
Vietnam

#### Past S2S Trainings

ICTP S2S  
Teleconnections  
Workshop 2017  
S2S SE Asia  
SCIPPEA East Africa  
ICTP/WCRP School  
S2S Exercise  
Central Africa S2S

#### Other Country

#### Climate Pages

India  
Indonesia  
Iran  
Ethiopia  
Kenya  
West Africa  
SE South America  
Indonesia NTT  
Philippines  
Brazil

#### Global

Floods work  
Downscaling Methods  
DMIP

[Climate](#) /

## Resources for using the WWRP/WCRP S2S Project Database from IRI Data Library

A large subset of the [WWRP/WCRP S2S Project](#) Database available online in the IRI/LDEO Climate Data Library:  
<http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/ECMWF/S2S/> We hope this will provide a valuable addition to the two official archiving centers at ECMWF & CMA, and we plan in future to make various derived products available there too.

In addition to the S2S project data, the [SubX project](#) data are archived in IRIDL here:

<http://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/Models/SubX/>

Please see the [README](#) file at the top of the page for notes on accessing & manipulating the data. We are still ironing out some of the kinks, so please let us know if you encounter any problems. Most of the data should be there, though there may be delays in updating the data.

**Data holdings status:** (21 Dec 2018) 72TB [Detailed breakdown](#)

**Data access stats:** [Oct 2018](#)

This page contains Ingrid scripts as additional resources for accessing and manipulating the data.

## Script access from unix command line, Matlab, R and Python

An access key is required in order to download S2S data from the command line. To obtain one, please:

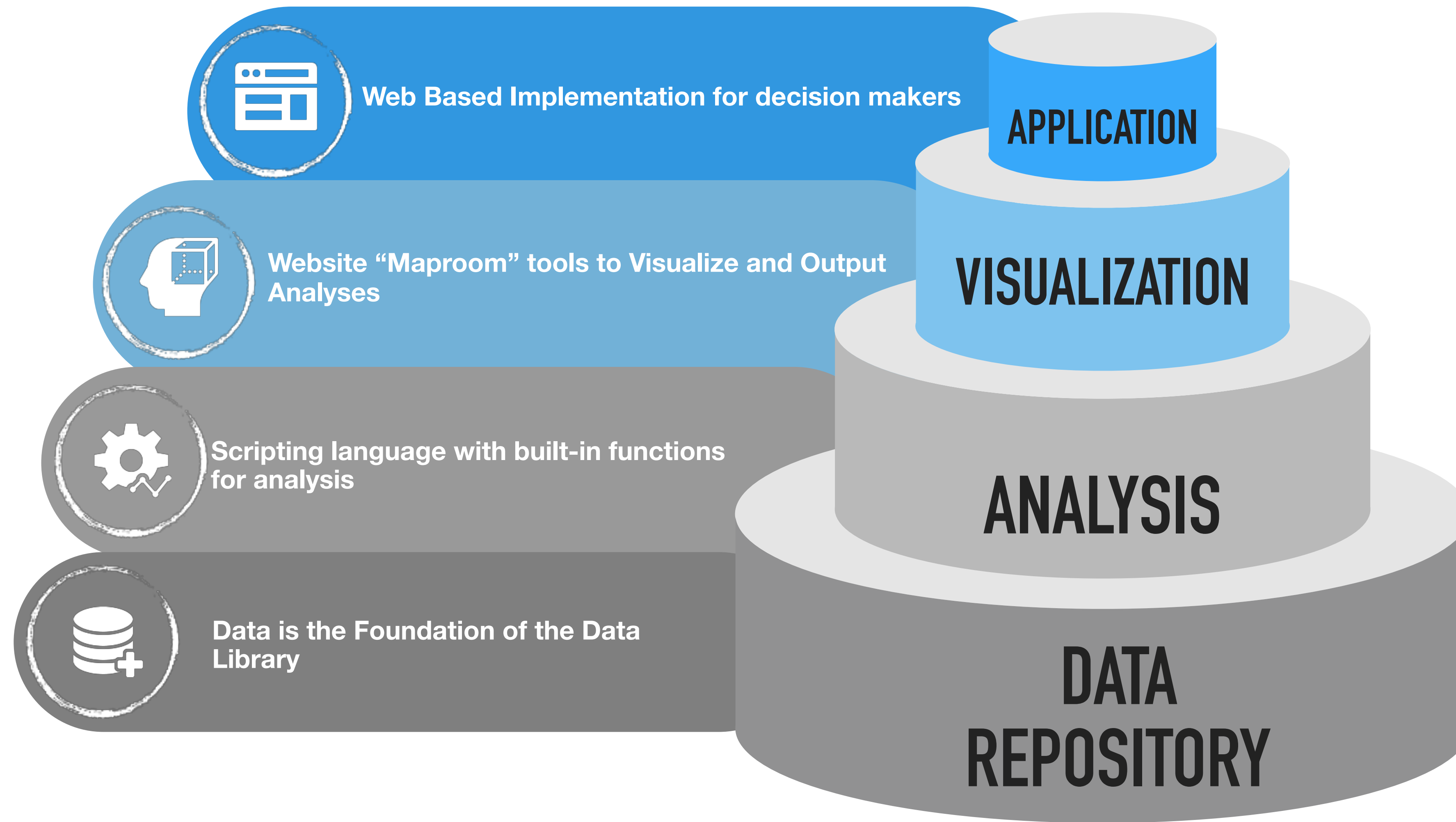
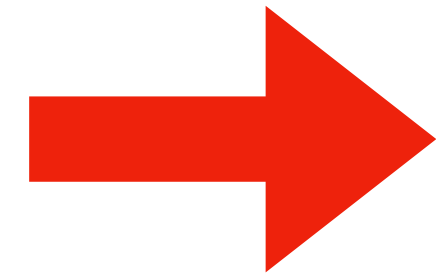
1. Firstly sign the S2S terms and conditions by downloading any test data via the "Data Files" tab on the data library page, e.g. [dataURL](#).
2. Secondly, send an email to [help@iri.columbia.edu](mailto:help@iri.columbia.edu), stating that you are requesting an access key for S2S data, and including the email address that you used to sign the terms and conditions. You will be sent an access key.

Follow this example using `curl` to download the data:

```
curl -k -b '__dlauth_id=xxxyyyyzzz' 'dataURL' > file.nc
```

where xxxyyyyzzz is your key, and file.nc is your preferred name of the output NETCDF file.

# DATA LIBRARY OVERVIEW



# S2S Forecast Maprooms



Climate

Subseasonal Forecasts

S2S Lagged Forecasts

Precipitation Probability Forecast

Region

Europe

Forecast Issued

0000 25 Oct 2018

Target Period

1-14 Nov 2018

Description

Dataset Documentation

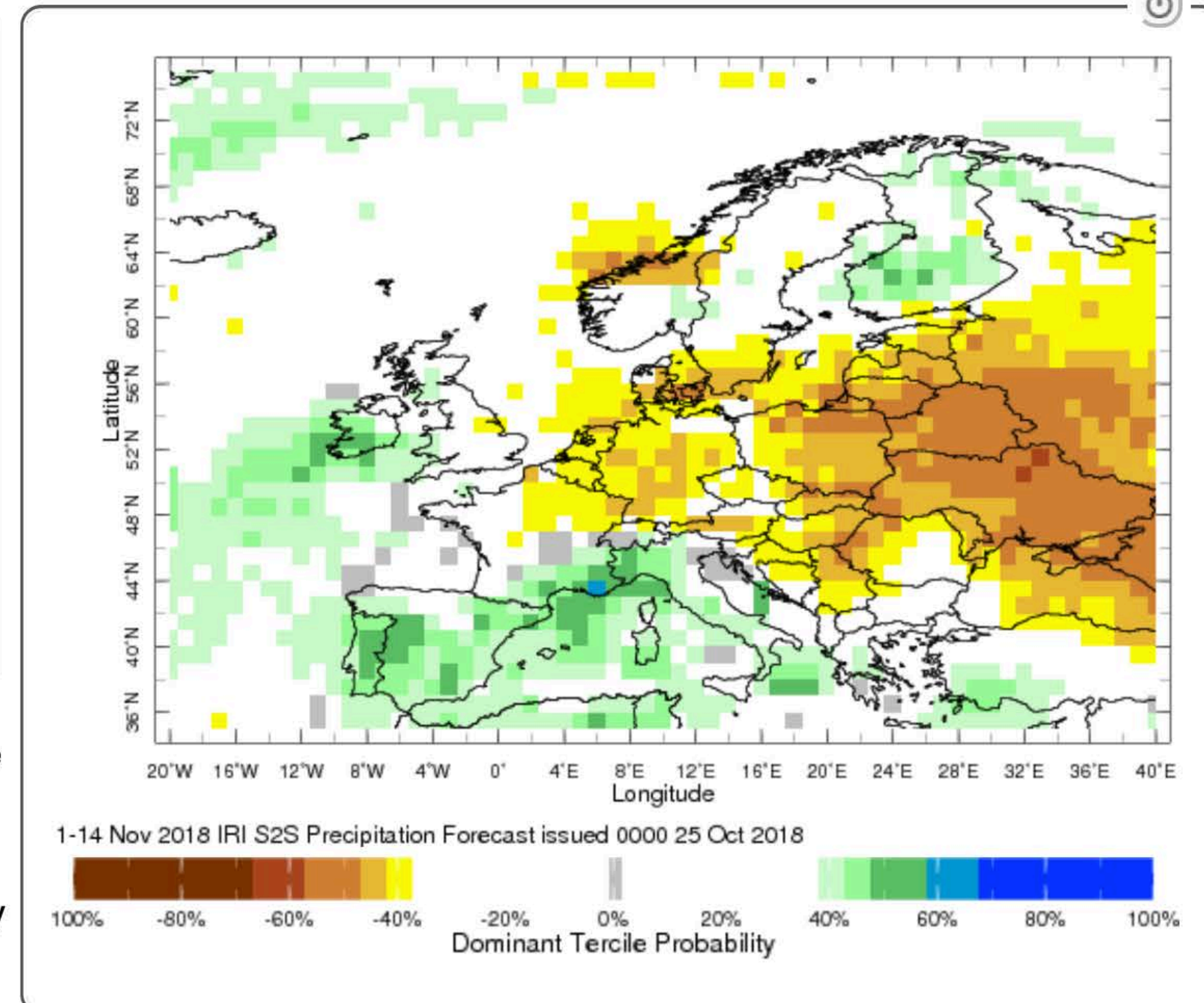
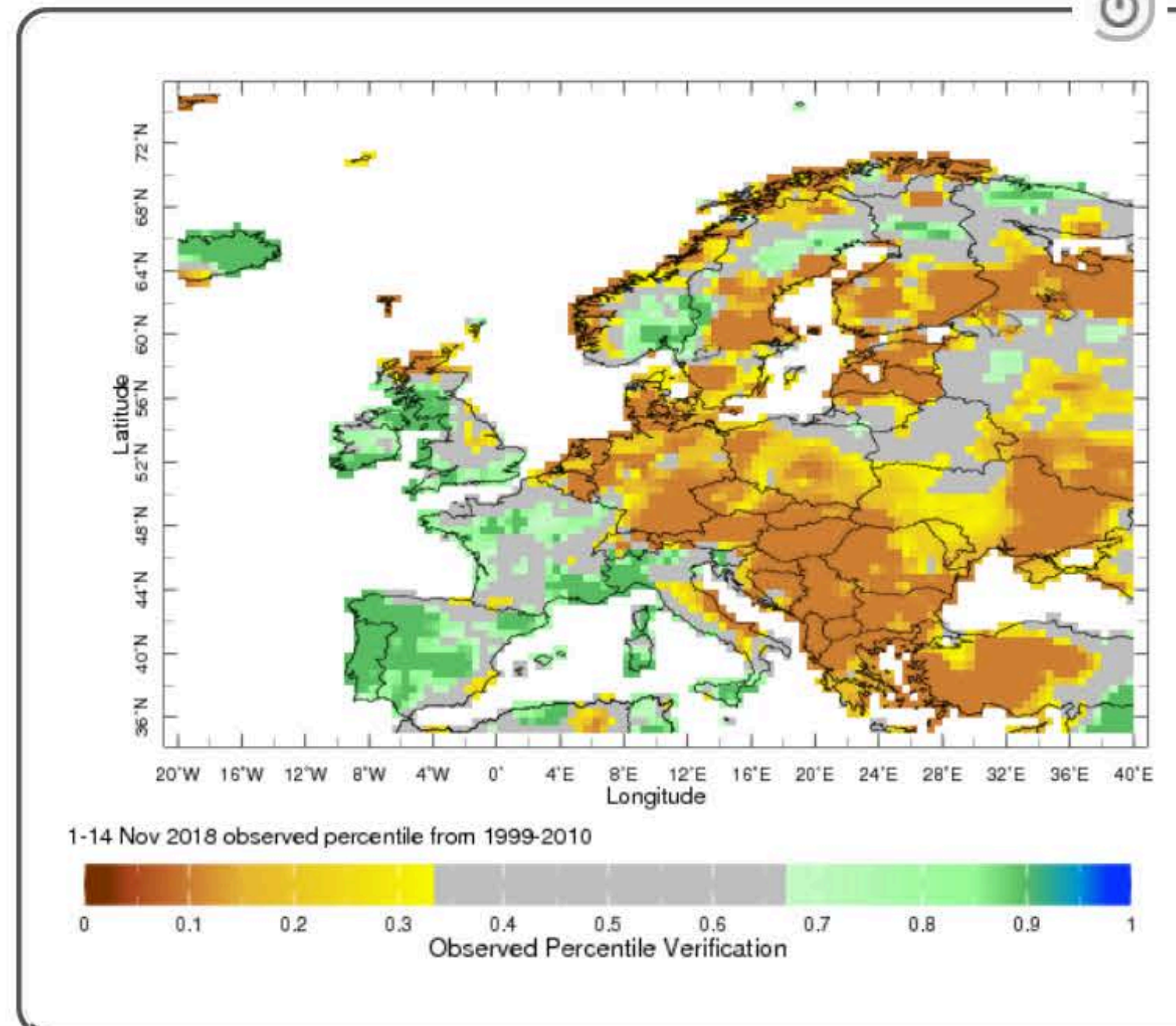
Instructions

Contact Us

## Precipitation Probability Forecast

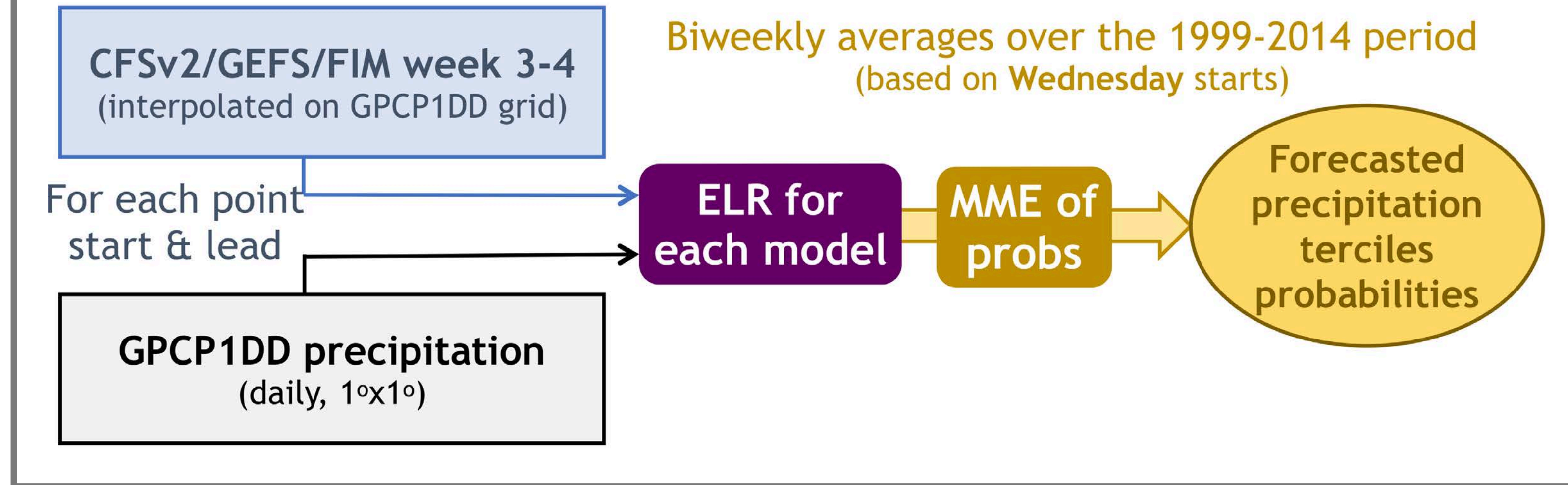
Calibrated Subseasonal Tercile categories precipitation forecasts lagged behind real time from the S2S database.

The default map shows the latest forecast for weeks 2-3 ahead (i.e. the 14-day Thursday-Wednesday target period, 8 to 21 days after the forecast is issued), as probability of the dominant tercile category. Previous forecasts can be viewed through the control bar menu. The weeks 3-4 forecast (i.e. the 14-day target period, 15 to 28 days after the forecast is issued) is also available. The smaller side map shows a verification of the forecast in current view as the observed tercile values according to the 1999-2010 training period of the calibration of the forecast. New forecasts are issued weekly on Thursdays but are released on a monthly basis. Please note that these forecasts are “lagged”, i.e. they are not available in real time.



# Forecast MME Design

Vigaud et al. (2017, MWR)

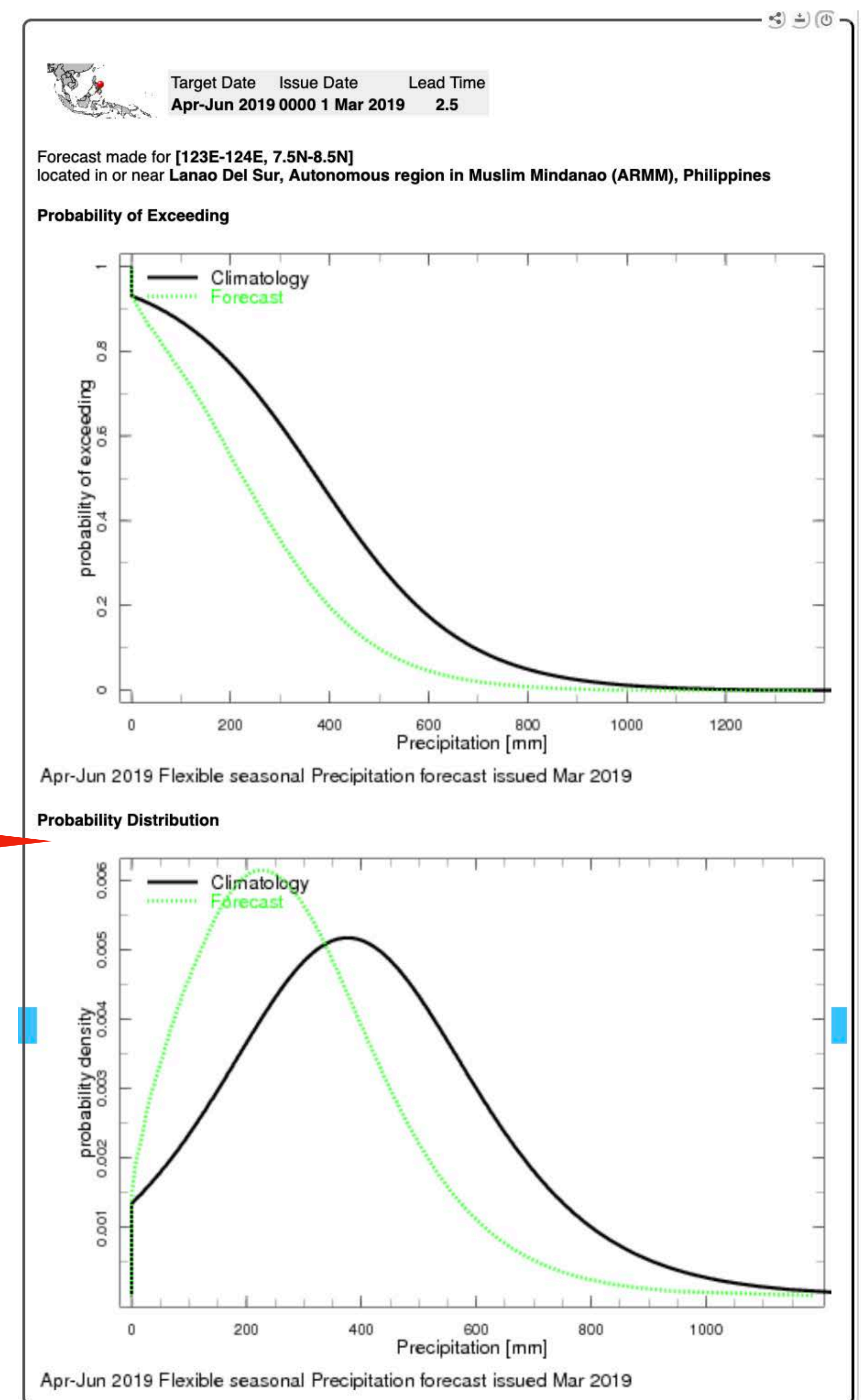
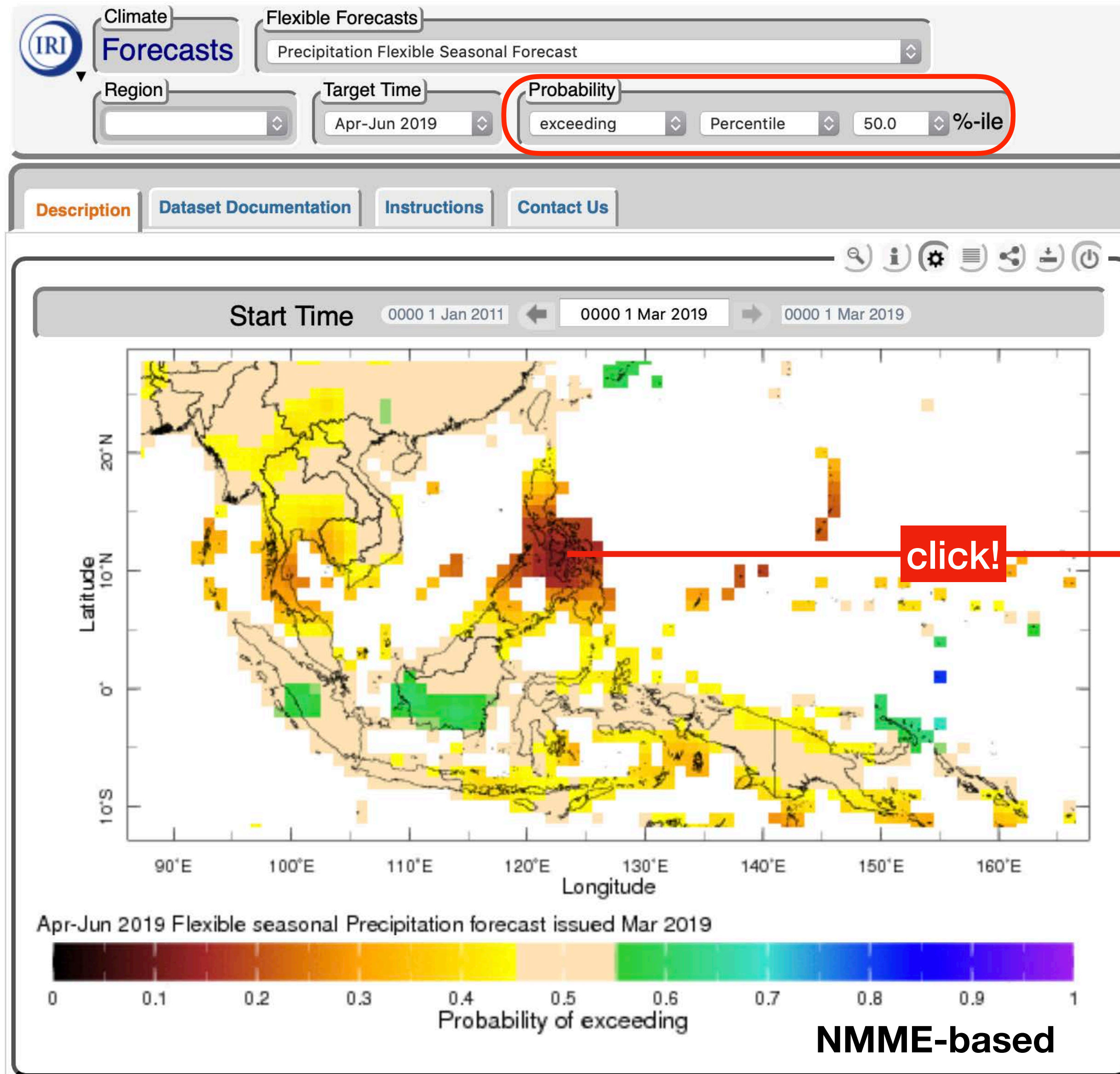


## Extended Logistic Regression

$$\ln \left[ \frac{p}{1-p} \right] = f(x) + g(q) \quad \text{with } p = Pr\{V \leq q\}$$

$$\text{and } \begin{cases} f(x) = b_0 + b_1 \bar{x}_{ens} \\ g(q) = b_2 q \end{cases}$$

# Flexible Format Seasonal Forecast Maprooms



# Seasonal Forecast Datasets

IRI Data Library Models NMME

Language: english

DESCRIPTION Expert Mode

SOURCES Models NMME

## Models NMME

Models NMME: North American Multi-Model Ensemble (NMME).

### Documents

[overview](#) an outline showing sub-datasets of this dataset  
[CTB home](#) Climate Test Bed NMME Page  
[NMME Description](#) North American Multi-Model Ensemble: Improving NOAA's Seasonal Prediction Capability  
[NMME Home](#) Information about the NMME project from CPC

### Semantic Documents

[auxinfo.owl](#)

### Datasets and Variables

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <a href="#">Cansips</a>                     | Models NMME Cansips[ <b>FORECAST</b> ]                          |
| <a href="#">CMC1-CanCM3</a>                 | Models NMME CMC1-CanCM3[ <b>FORECAST HINDCAST</b> ]             |
| <a href="#">CMC2-CanCM4</a>                 | Models NMME CMC2-CanCM4[ <b>FORECAST HINDCAST</b> ]             |
| <a href="#">COLA-RSMAS-CCSM3</a>            | Models NMME COLA-RSMAS-CCSM3[ <b>MONTHLY mc8210 sc8210</b> ]    |
| <a href="#">COLA-RSMAS-CCSM4</a>            | Models NMME COLA-RSMAS-CCSM4[ <b>MONTHLY mc8210 sc8210</b> ]    |
| <a href="#">CPC-CMAP</a>                    | Models NMME CPC-CMAP[ <b>prate</b> ]                            |
| <a href="#">CPC-CMAP-URD</a>                | Models NMME CPC-CMAP-URD[ <b>prate</b> ]                        |
| <a href="#">CPC-PRECIP</a>                  | Models NMME CPC-PRECIP[ <b>prate</b> ]                          |
| <a href="#">GFDL-CM2p1</a>                  | Models NMME GFDL-CM2p1[ <b>MONTHLY</b> ]                        |
| <a href="#">GFDL-CM2p1-aer04</a>            | Models NMME GFDL-CM2p1-aer04[ <b>MONTHLY mc8210 sc8210</b> ]    |
| <a href="#">GFDL-CM2p5-FLOR-A06</a>         | Models NMME GFDL-CM2p5-FLOR-A06[ <b>mc8110 MONTHLY sc8110</b> ] |
| <a href="#">GFDL-CM2p5-FLOR-B01</a>         | Models NMME GFDL-CM2p5-FLOR-B01[ <b>mc8110 MONTHLY sc8110</b> ] |
| <a href="#">GHCN_CAMS</a>                   | Models NMME GHCN_CAMS[ <b>temp updated</b> ]                    |
| <a href="#">IRI-ECHAM4p5-AnomalyCoupled</a> | Models NMME IRI-ECHAM4p5-AnomalyCoupled[ <b>MONTHLY</b> ]       |
| <a href="#">IRI-ECHAM4p5-DirectCoupled</a>  | Models NMME IRI-ECHAM4p5-DirectCoupled[ <b>MONTHLY</b> ]        |
| <a href="#">LSMASK</a>                      | Models NMME LSMASK[ <b>land</b> ]                               |
| <a href="#">NASA-GEOS2S</a>                 | Models NMME NASA-GEOS2S[ <b>FORECAST HINDCAST</b> ]             |
| <a href="#">NASA-GMAO</a>                   | Models NMME NASA-GMAO[ <b>MONTHLY</b> ]                         |
| <a href="#">NASA-GMAO-062012</a>            | Models NMME NASA-GMAO-062012[ <b>mc8110 MONTHLY sc8110</b> ]    |
| <a href="#">NCAR-CESM1</a>                  | Models NMME NCAR-CESM1[ <b>FORECAST HINDCAST</b> ]              |
| <a href="#">NCDC-OISST</a>                  | Models NMME NCDC-OISST[ <b>sst</b> ]                            |
| <a href="#">NCEP-CFSv1</a>                  | Models NMME NCEP-CFSv1[ <b>MONTHLY</b> ]                        |
| <a href="#">NCEP-CFSv2</a>                  | Models NMME NCEP-CFSv2[ <b>FORECAST HINDCAST</b> ]              |
| <a href="#">Oiv2_SST</a>                    | Models NMME Oiv2_SST[ <b>sst</b> ]                              |

### Other Info

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In order to document NMME-Phase II data impact and enable continuing support, users of NMME data are expected to acknowledge NMME data and the participating modeling groups. The NMME model output should be referred to as "the NMME System Phase II data [https://www.earthsystemgrid.org/search.html?Project=NMME]." In publications, users should include a table (referred to below as Table XX) listing the models and institutions that provided model output used in the NMME-Phase II system, as well as the digital object identifier of publications documenting the models, where "Table XX" in the paper should list the models and modeling groups that provided the NMME data. In addition, an

IRI Data Library EU Copernicus CDS C3S

DESCRIPTION Expert Mode

SOURCES EU Copernicus CDS C3S

## EU Copernicus CDS C3S

EU Copernicus CDS C3S: Copernicus Climate Change Service.

### Documents

[overview](#) an outline showing sub-datasets of this dataset  
[home page](#) Copernicus Climate Change Service  
[license](#) Licence Agreement to Use Copernicus Products

### Datasets and Variables

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">CMCC</a>         | EU Copernicus CDS C3S CMCC[ <b>SPSv3</b> ]               |
| <a href="#">DWD</a>          | EU Copernicus CDS C3S DWD[ <b>GCFS2p0</b> ]              |
| <a href="#">ECMWF</a>        | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF[ <b>SEAS5</b> ]              |
| <a href="#">Meteo_France</a> | EU Copernicus CDS C3S Meteo_France[ <b>System5 Sys</b> ] |

IRI Data Library EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast

DESCRIPTION Views Data Selection Data Files Data Tables Expert Mode

SOURCES EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast

## EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast

ECMWF SEAS5 forecast from EU Copernicus CDS C3S: Copernicus Climate Change Service.

### Documents

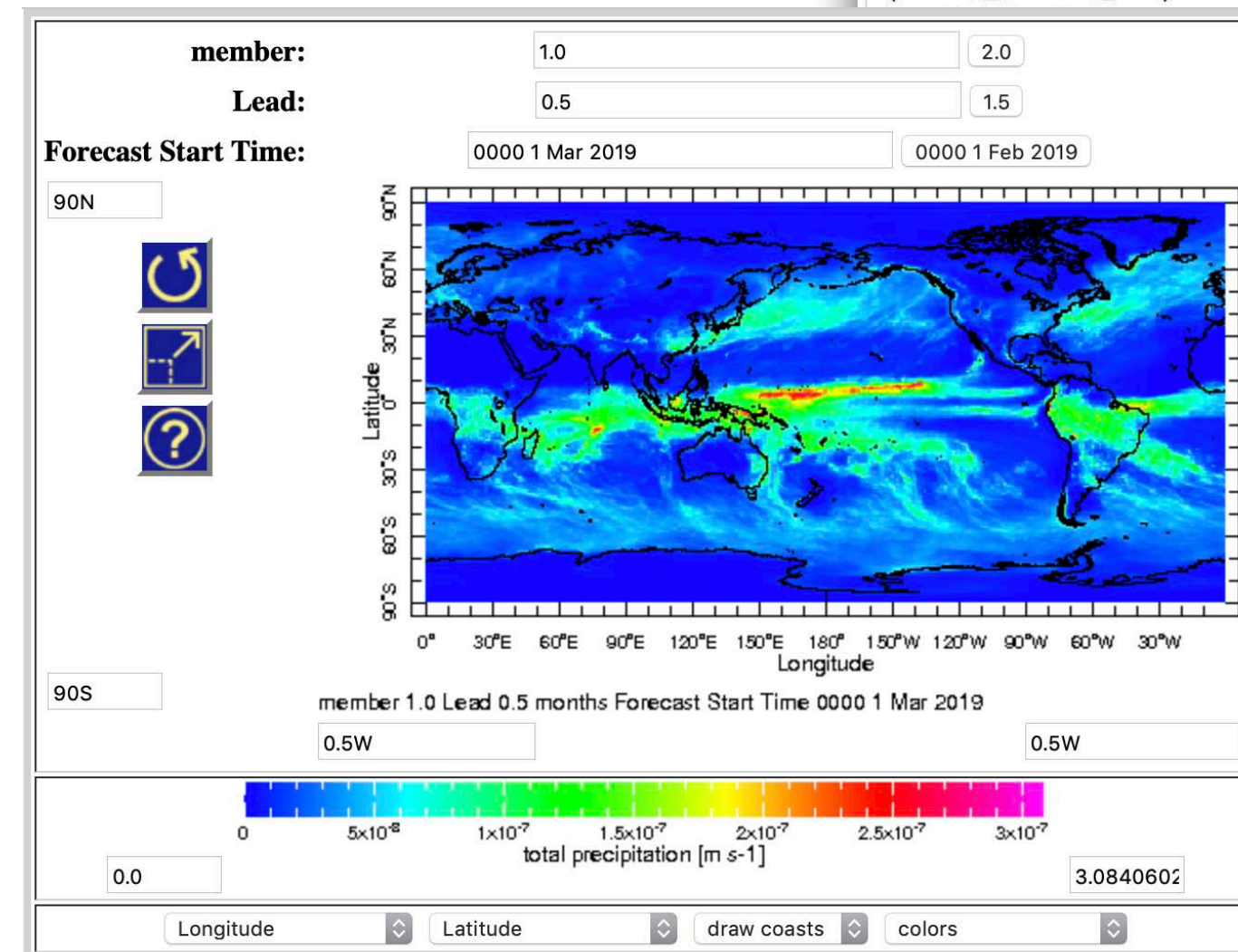
[outline](#) an outline showing all sub-datasets and variables contained in this dataset  
[license](#) Licence Agreement to Use Copernicus Products  
[source](#) Data Downloaded from the Copernicus Climate Change Service, implemented by ECMWF

### Datasets and Variables

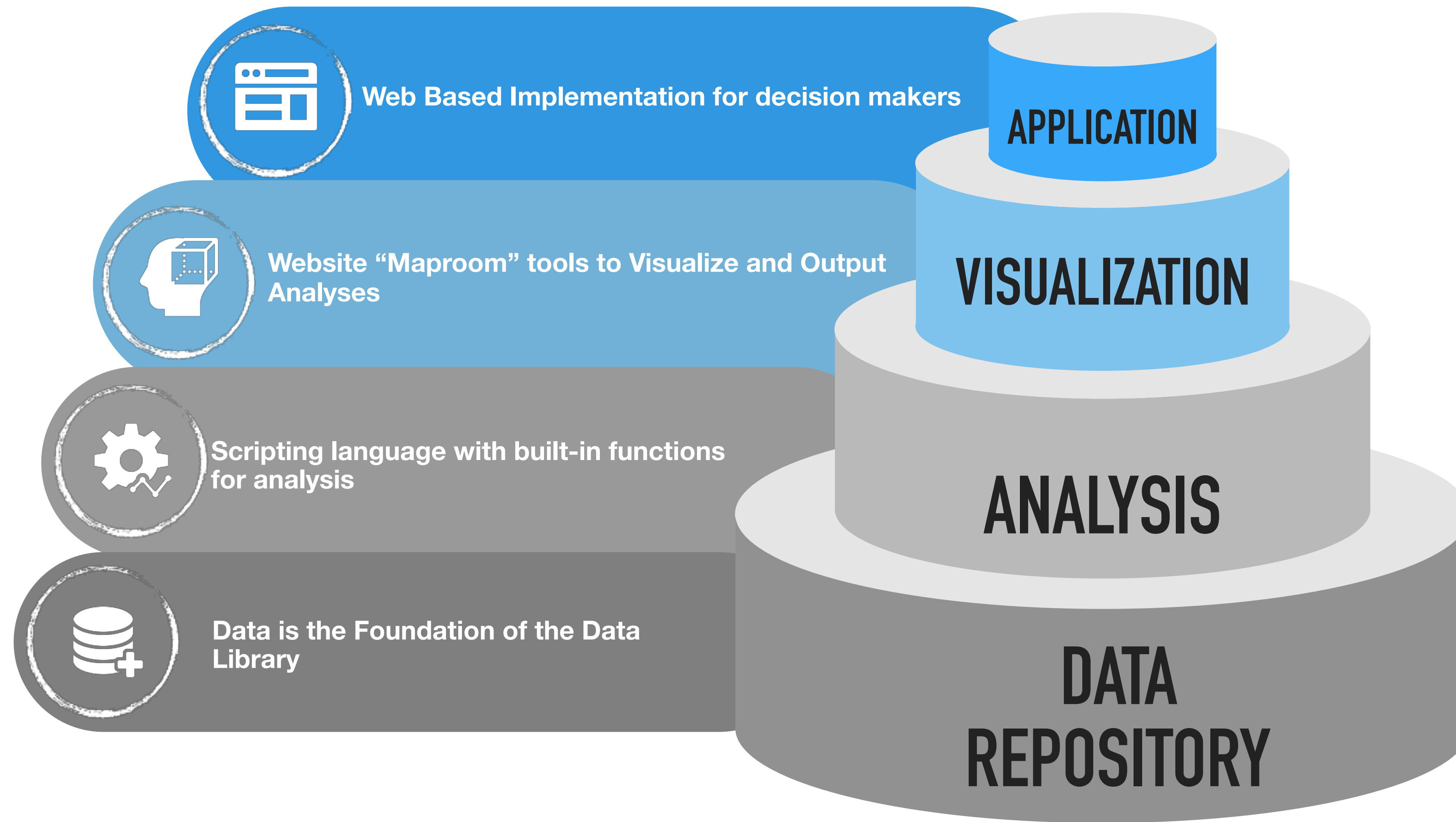
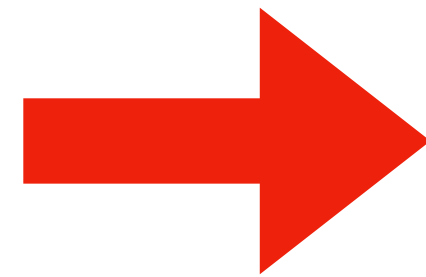
|   |  |
|---|--|
| <a href="#">total precipitation</a>     | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast prcp[ X Y I M L S ] |
| <a href="#">sea surface temperature</a> | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast sst[ X Y I M L S ]  |
| <a href="#">Time</a>                    | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast T[ S L I ]          |
| <a href="#">2-meter temperature</a>     | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast t2m[ X Y I M L S ]  |
| <a href="#">U-component of wind</a>     | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast ua[ X Y I P M L S ] |
| <a href="#">V-component of wind</a>     | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast va[ X Y I P M L S ] |
| <a href="#">geopotential</a>            | EU Copernicus CDS C3S ECMWF SEAS5 forecast z[ X Y I P M L S ]  |

### Independent Variables (Grids)

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <a href="#">Lead (forecast_period)</a>                        | grid: /L (months) ordered (0.5 months) to (5.5 months) by 1.0 N= 6 pts :grid                             |
| <a href="#">member</a>  | grid: /M (unitless) ordered (1.0) to (51.0) by 1.0 N= 51 pts :grid                                       |
| <a href="#">Pressure Level (air_pressure)</a>                 | grid: /P (hPa) ordered [ (925) (850) (700) (500) (400) (300) (200) (100) (50) (30) (10) ] :grid          |
| <a href="#">Forecast Start Time (forecast_reference_time)</a> | grid: /S (months since 1960-01-01) ordered (0000 1 Sep 2017) to (0000 1 Mar 2019) by 1.0 N= 19 pts :grid |
|   | grid: /X (degree_east) periodic (0) to (1W) by 1.0 N= 360 pts :grid                                      |
|   | grid: /Y (degree_north) ordered (90N) to (90S) by 1.0 N= 181 pts :grid                                   |

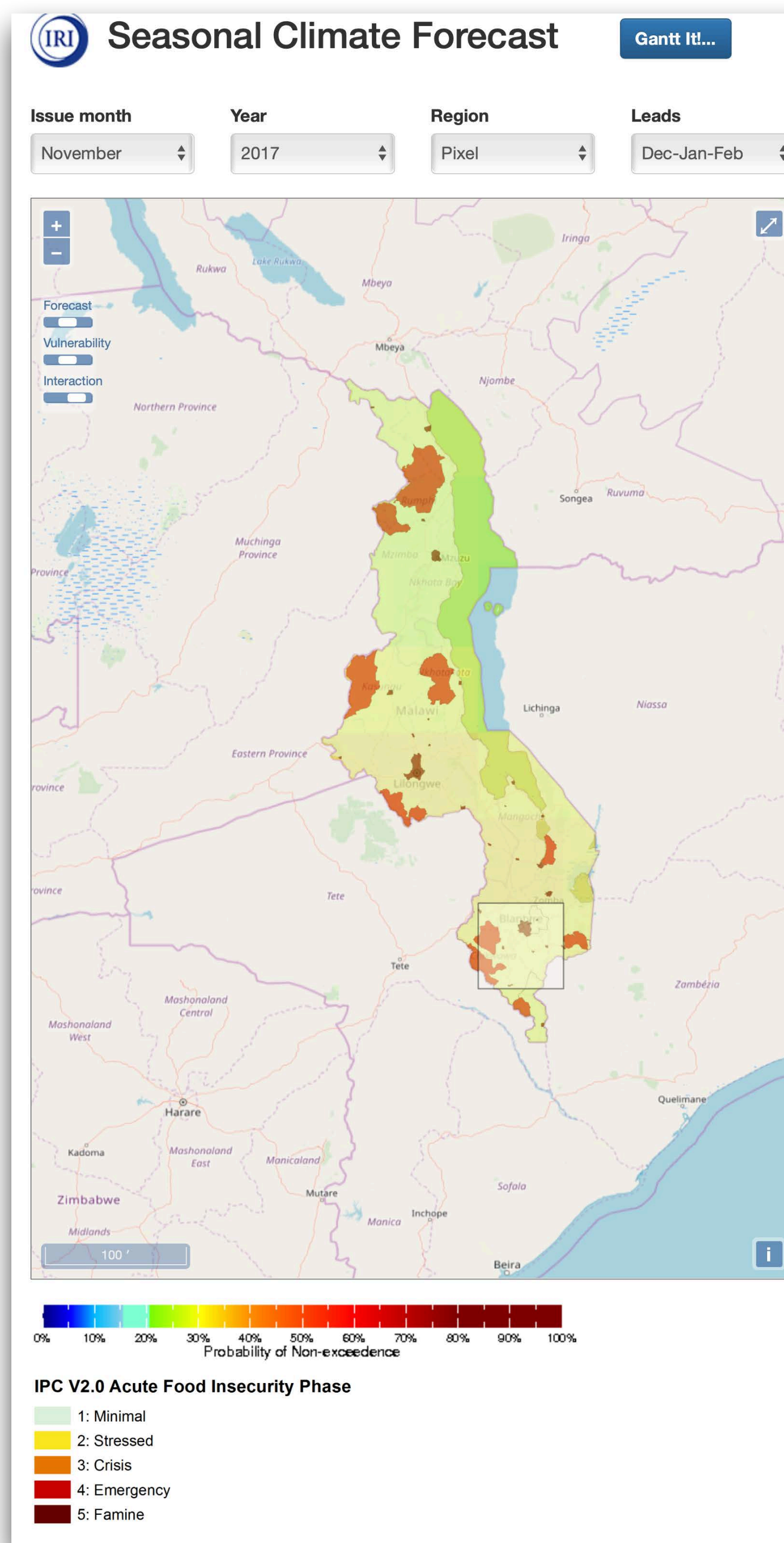


# DATA LIBRARY OVERVIEW





# Web-based Application for Forecast-Based Financing



## Triggers

Frequency of triggered forecasts



|                         | 7          | 6           | 7         |                             |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Worthy-action:</b>   | 7          | 6           | 7         |                             |
| <b>Act-in-vain:</b>     | 4          | 6           | 4         |                             |
| <b>Fail-to-act:</b>     | 4          | 5           | 4         |                             |
| <b>Worthy-Inaction:</b> | 22         | 20          | 22        |                             |
| <b>Rate:</b>            | 78.38%     | 70.27%      | 78.38%    |                             |
| Year                    | ENSO State | Forecast, % | Rain Rank | Farmers' reported Bad Years |
| 2018/19                 | La Niña    | 27.74       | 35        |                             |
| 2017/18                 | Neutral    | 31.33       | 7         | Bad                         |
| 2016/17                 | Neutral    | NaN         | 14        |                             |
| 2015/16                 | El Niño    | 38.03       | 4         | Bad                         |
| 2014/15                 | El Niño    | 36.66       | 30        | Bad                         |
| 2013/14                 | Neutral    | 34.59       | 26        |                             |
| 2012/13                 | Neutral    | 34.02       | 29        |                             |
| 2011/12                 | La Niña    | 36.37       | 6         |                             |
| 2010/11                 | La Niña    | 22.27       | 18        |                             |
| 2009/10                 | El Niño    | 29.37       | 20        | Bad                         |
| 2008/09                 | Neutral    | 32.13       | 21        |                             |
| 2007/08                 | La Niña    | 23.92       | 22        |                             |
| 2006/07                 | Neutral    | 33.60       | 23        |                             |
| 2005/06                 | Neutral    | 24.24       | 11        |                             |
| 2004/05                 | El Niño    | 30.50       | 9         | Bad                         |
| 2003/04                 | Neutral    | 28.95       | 8         |                             |
| 2002/03                 | El Niño    | 29.45       | 17        |                             |
| 2001/02                 | Neutral    | 30.73       | 19        | Bad                         |
| 2000/01                 | La Niña    | 22.64       | 24        |                             |
| 1999/00                 | La Niña    | 24.44       | 5         |                             |
| 1998/99                 | La Niña    | 27.85       | 32        |                             |
| 1997/98                 | El Niño    | 38.47       | 3         | Bad                         |
| 1996/97                 | Neutral    | 29.06       | 31        |                             |
| 1995/96                 | La Niña    | 27.71       | 15        |                             |
| 1994/95                 | El Niño    | 30.20       | 10        | Bad                         |
| 1993/94                 | Neutral    | 24.62       | 2         | Bad                         |
| 1992/93                 | Neutral    | 22.38       | 34        |                             |
| 1991/92                 | El Niño    | 32.56       | 1         | Bad                         |

# Data Library Web Analytics, 2018

S2S

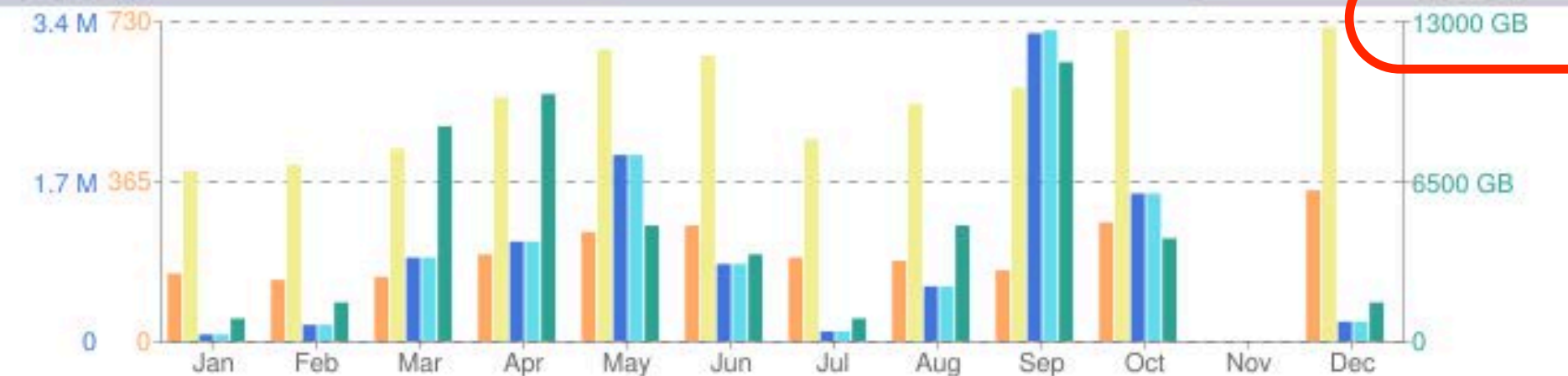
SubX

Monthly history



| Month        | Unique visitors | Number of visits | Pages            | Hits             | Bandwidth         |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Jan 2018     | 169             | 336              | 249,453          | 251,241          | 44.88 GB          |
| Feb 2018     | 203             | 430              | 26,112           | 27,180           | 26.45 GB          |
| Mar 2018     | 255             | 501              | 361,390          | 364,457          | 198.84 GB         |
| Apr 2018     | 416             | 830              | 769,062          | 780,554          | 586.27 GB         |
| May 2018     | 414             | 804              | 19,752           | 24,093           | 61.43 GB          |
| Jun 2018     | 407             | 654              | 13,160           | 15,253           | 77.90 GB          |
| Jul 2018     | 258             | 928              | 22,398           | 30,534           | 160.14 GB         |
| Aug 2018     | 252             | 692              | 15,553           | 19,368           | 22.54 GB          |
| Sep 2018     | 203             | 503              | 235,890          | 237,786          | 65.39 GB          |
| Oct 2018     | 311             | 561              | 128,930          | 131,180          | 61.64 GB          |
| Nov 2018     | 535             | 750              | 3,716            | 5,201            | 12.49 GB          |
| Dec 2018     | 549             | 845              | 63,158           | 65,528           | 62.61 GB          |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>3,972</b>    | <b>7,834</b>     | <b>1,908,574</b> | <b>1,952,375</b> | <b>1380.59 GB</b> |

Monthly history



| Month        | Unique visitors | Number of visits | Pages             | Hits              | Bandwidth          |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Jan 2018     | 156             | 394              | 96,924            | 98,937            | 942.55 GB          |
| Feb 2018     | 147             | 410              | 198,121           | 202,771           | 1578.94 GB         |
| Mar 2018     | 155             | 448              | 938,004           | 939,517           | 8760.12 GB         |
| Apr 2018     | 204             | 568              | 1,104,055         | 1,105,523         | 10123.53 GB        |
| May 2018     | 255             | 679              | 2,032,587         | 2,033,616         | 4783.12 GB         |
| Jun 2018     | 270             | 659              | 854,136           | 855,454           | 3622.15 GB         |
| Jul 2018     | 195             | 469              | 111,658           | 113,891           | 960.19 GB          |
| Aug 2018     | 192             | 553              | 612,345           | 613,218           | 4809.17 GB         |
| Sep 2018     | 170             | 585              | 3,394,948         | 3,395,800         | 11444.45 GB        |
| Oct 2018     | 278             | 718              | 1,632,084         | 1,634,240         | 4186.76 GB         |
| Nov 2018     | 1               | 1                | 1                 | 1                 | 8.70 MB            |
| Dec 2018     | 354             | 728              | 239,767           | 240,374           | 1577.83 GB         |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>2,377</b>    | <b>6,212</b>     | <b>11,214,630</b> | <b>11,233,342</b> | <b>52788.83 GB</b> |

Referring Sites by Domain Name - top 25

- Full list

| Domain Name                           | Pages | Hits  |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu               | 28966 | 52324 |
| datoteca.ole2.org                     | 1333  | 11766 |
| wiki.iri.columbia.edu                 | 271   | 271   |
| s2sprediction.net                     | 209   | 209   |
| www.s2sprediction.net                 | 103   | 103   |
| 10.28.1.250                           | 26    | 26    |
| www.google.com                        | 16    | 16    |
| www.baidu.com                         | 13    | 13    |
| scipea.iri.columbia.edu               | 11    | 11    |
| cpo.noaa.gov                          | 8     | 8     |
| www.s2sprediction.net                 | 7     | 7     |
| 127.0.0.1:8888                        | 5     | 7     |
| mapps2s.atmos.colostate.edu           | 5     | 5     |
| bagiankecilmeteorologi.blogspot.co.id | 3     | 3     |

Referring Sites by Domain Name - top 25

- Full list

| Domain Name                | Pages | Hits  |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|
| iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu    | 43118 | 57585 |
| cola.gmu.edu               | 486   | 486   |
| gfs2geo1.ldeo.columbia.edu | 55    | 73    |
| yandex.ru                  | 23    | 23    |
| cpo.noaa.gov               | 23    | 23    |
| s2sprediction.net          | 23    | 23    |
| gfs2geo2.ldeo.columbia.edu | 22    | 48    |
| www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov      | 18    | 18    |
| www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov      | 17    | 17    |
| www.google.com             | 14    | 14    |
| 127.0.0.2                  | 11    | 66    |
| wiki.iri.columbia.edu      | 11    | 11    |
| www.s2sprediction.net      | 7     | 7     |

# Summary

- Over 2/3 of the S2S database is archived at IRI, including MJO indices
- Kept up to date
- Allows server-side and “lazy” computation to analyze the data according to user requests (eg weekly averaged anomalies of ensemble means, EOFs ...)
- Good for low-bandwidth situations
- OpenDAP

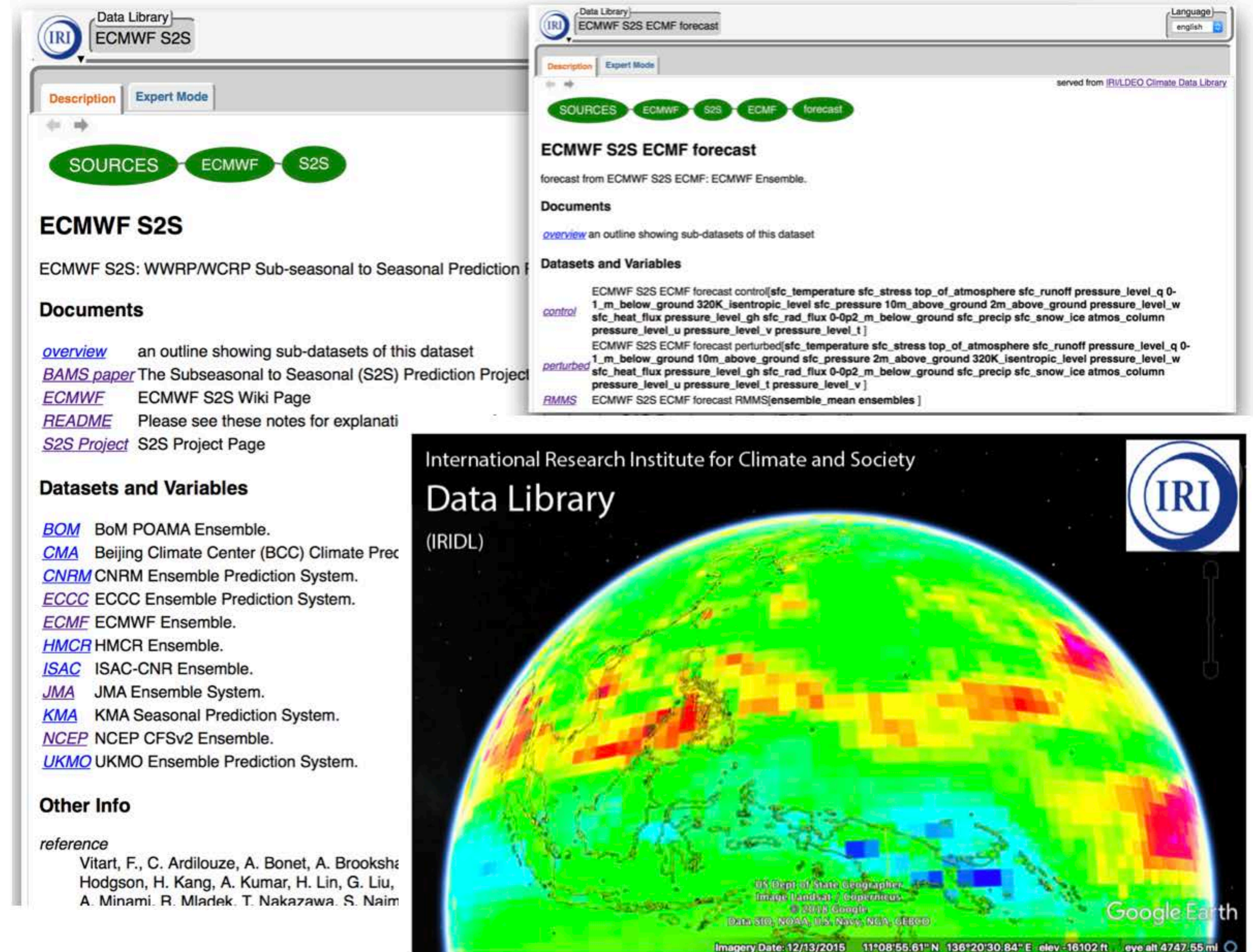


Figure 1. Visualization of an S2S forecast using Google Earth. Data was post-processed and downloaded from the IRI Data Library.